

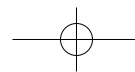
Inside Out

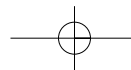
Intermediate
Companion

French Edition

Sue Kay & Vaughan Jones


MACMILLAN





Welcome to the *Inside Out* Intermediate Companion!

What information does the *Inside Out* Companion give you?

- a summary of key words and phrases from each unit of *Inside Out* Intermediate Student's Book
- pronunciation of the key words and phrases
- translations of the key words and phrases
- sample sentences showing the words and phrases in context
- a summary of the Grammar Reference from *Inside Out* Intermediate Student's Book

Abbreviations used in the Companion

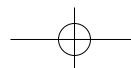
(art) article	(phr v) phrasal verb	(m) masculine
(v) verb	(pron) pronoun	(pl n) plural noun
(v*) irregular verb	(prep) preposition	(adv) adverb
(adj) adjective	(det) determiner	(conj) conjunction
(n) noun	(f) feminine	

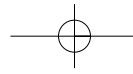
VOWELS AND DIPHTHONGS

/ɪ/	big fish	/bɪg fɪʃ/	/ɑː/	calm start	/kɑːm stɑːt/
/iː/	green beans	/ɡriːn biːnz/	/ɒ /	hot spot	/hɒt spɒt/
/ʊ/	should look	/ʃʊd lʊk/	/ɪə/	ear	/ɪə/
/uː/	blue moon	/bluː muːn/	/eɪ/	face	/feɪs/
/e/	ten eggs	/ten eɡz/	/ʊə/	pure	/pjʊə/
/ə/	about mother	/əbaʊt mʌðə/	/ɔɪ/	boy	/bɔɪ /
/ɜː/	learn words	/lɜːn wɜːdz/	/əʊ/	nose	/nəʊz/
/ɔː/	short talk	/ʃɔːt tɔːk/	/eə/	hair	/heə/
/æ/	fat cat	/fæt kæt/	/aɪ/	eye	/aɪ/
/ʌ/	must come	/mʌst kʌm/	/aʊ/	mouth	/maʊθ/

CONSONANTS

/p/	pen	/pen/	/s/	snake	/sneɪk/
/b/	bad	/bæd/	/z/	noise	/nɔɪz/
/t/	tea	/tiː/	/ʃ/	shop	/ʃɒp/
/d/	dog	/dɒɡ/	/ʒ/	measure	/meʒə/
/tʃ/	church	/tʃɜːtʃ/	/m/	make	/meɪk/
/dʒ/	jazz	/dʒæz/	/n/	nine	/naɪn/
/k/	cost	/kɒst/	/ɪŋ/	sing	/sɪŋ/
/ɡ/	girl	/ɡɜːl/	/h/	house	/haʊs/
/f/	far	/fɑː/	/l/	leg	/leg/
/v/	voice	/vɔɪs/	/r/	red	/red/
/θ/	thin	/θɪn/	/w/	wet	/wet/
/ð/	then	/ ðen/	/j/	yes	/jes/



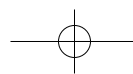


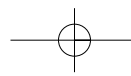
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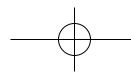
Unit 1

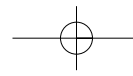
Fame (p. 4-5)

amazing (adj)	/ə'meɪzɪŋ/	incroyable	We visited some amazing places
Argentinian (adj)	/ɑːdʒən'tɪniən/	Argentin	My best friend is Argentinian .
favourite (adj)	/'feɪvərɪt/	favori	Which is your favourite pop group ?
(be) related (adj)	/(bɪ) rɪ'leɪtɪd/	être apparenté	Are they related ?
cash (n)	/kæʃ/	argent liquide	I also do some modelling when I need the cash .
dual nationality (n)	/djuːəl næʃə'næləti/	double nationalité	I've got a dual nationality . (= a citizen of two different countries)
jewellery business (n)	/'dʒuːəlɪ bɪznɪs/	commerce des bijoux	I've recently started a jewellery business .
modelling (n)	/'mɒdlɪŋ/	poser comme modèle	She sometimes does some modelling .
outdoor life (n)	/'aʊtdɔːr laɪf/	vie au grand air	We love the outdoor life .
painter (n)	/'peɪntə(r)/	peintre	I'm a painter .
recording (n)	/'rɪ'kɔːdɪŋ/	enregistrement	It's a recording of an interview.
relation/relative (n)	/'rɪ'leɪʃn/'relətɪv/	parents / la famille	They're visiting a relation/relative .
tapescript (n)	/'teɪpskrɪpt/	transcription	Look at the tapescript on page 148.
find out (phr v)	/'fɪrɪ'auʔ/	trouver	Try and find out more details.
discuss (v)	/'dɪskʌs/	discuter de	Discuss these questions.
move (v)	/muːv/	déménager	When did you move to Spain?
underline (v)	/ʌndə'laɪn/	souligner	Underline the correct answer.

Close up (p.6)

advert (n)	/'ædvɜːt/	publicité	She appeared in a car advert .
auxiliary (n)	/ɔːg'zɪlɪəri/	auxiliaire	There are nine modal auxiliaries .
band (n)	/bænd/	groupe	He plays in a pop band .
main verb (n)	/'meɪn vɜːb/	verbe principal	What is the main verb of the sentence ?
modal auxiliary (n)	/məʊdl ɔːg'zɪlɪəri/	auxiliaire de mode	<i>Would</i> is a modal auxiliary .
object (n)	/'ɒbdʒekt/	objet	What is the object of the sentence?
potato (n)	/'pə'teɪtəʊ/	potte de terre	Can I have another potato , please?
question word (n)	/'kwɛstʃən wɜːd/	mot interrogatif	<i>Which</i> is a question word .
subject (n)	/'sʌbdʒekt/	sujet	What is the subject of the sentence?
appear (v)	/ə'pɪə(r)/	apparaître	She appeared in an advert.
perform (v)	/'pɜːfɔːm/	jouer	He will perform <i>Candle in the Wind</i> .
remind (sb of sth) (v)	/'rɪ'maɪnd ... /	rappeler	You remind me of someone.
shoot (v)	/'ʃuːt/	tirer	Stop, or I'll shoot !
spend (v)	/'spend/	dépenser	I spend a lot of money on CDs.
train (v)	/'treɪn/	entraîner	He trains Aranxta Sanchez.





Noughts and crosses (p.7)

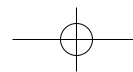
grid (n)	/grɪd/	grille	Mark a cross in the grid .
noughts and crosses (n)	/nɔ:ts ən 'krɒsɪz/	jeu de morpions	Let's play noughts and crosses .
team (n)	/ti:m/	équipe	Work in two teams .

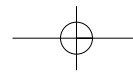
Language reference (p.8)

offer (n)	/'ɒfə(r)/	offre	make an offer .
permission (n)	/pə'mɪʃn/	permission	ask for permission .
request (n)	/'rɪ'kwest/	demande	make a request
suggestion (n)	/sə'dʒestʃən/	suggestion	make a suggestion .

Friends for life (p.9)

ambitious (adj)	/æm'bɪʃəs/	ambitieux	She is very ambitious .
false (adj)	/fɔ:ls/	faux	That is a false statement.
idealistic (adj)	/aɪdɪə'lɪstɪk/	idéaliste	She is too idealistic .
similar (adj)	/'sɪmələ(r)/	semblable	We have similar interests.
tidy (adj)	/'taɪdɪ/	soigneux	I'm a tidy person.
true (adj)	/tru:/	vrai	That is a true statement.
untidy (adj)	/ʌn'taɪdɪ/	peu soigneux	He is an untidy person.
straightaway (adv)	/streɪtə'weɪ/	immédiatement	They liked each other straight away .
ability (n)	/ə'bɪlətɪ/	aptitude	You need special abilities for this job.
advertisement (n)	/əd'vɜ:tɪsmənt/	annonce	I put an advertisement in the paper.
album (n)	/'ælbəm/	album	Have you heard their latest album ?
art exhibition (n)	/ɑ:t ɛksɪ'bɪʃn/	exposition d'art	We went to an interesting art exhibition .
(the) arts (n)	/(ði:) ɑ:ts/	art	I'm interested in the arts .
attitude (n)	/'ætɪtju:d/	attitude	They share the same attitude .
career (n)	/kə'ɪrɪə(r)/	carrière	They choose different careers .
CD (n)	/si: 'di:/	CD	I spend a lot of money on CDs .
close friend (n)	/kləʊs 'frend/	ami proche	Tina and Will were close friends .
discussion (n)	/dɪs'kʌʃn/	discussion	We always had interesting discussions .
(the) environment	/ði: ɪn'vaɪrəmənt/	environnement	We should all try to protect the environment .
expression (n)	/'ɛkspreʃn/	expression	That is a useful expression .
finance company (n)	/'faɪnæns 'kʌmpəni/	société financière	He works for a financial company .
friendship (n)	/'frendʃɪp/	amitié	They formed a life long friendship .
Funk (n)	/fʌŋk/	Funk	Do you like funk music?





hobby (n)	/'hɒbi/	passe-temps
holiday (n)	/'hɒlədeɪ/	vacances
home town (n)	/həʊm 'taʊn/	ville natale
housework (n)	/'haʊswɜ:k/	ménage
impression (n)	/ɪm'preʃn/	impression
interest (n)	/'ɪntrəst/	centre d'intérêt
lifestyle (n)	/'laɪfstɑɪl/	style de vie
literature (n)	/'lɪtrətʃə(r)/	littérature
magazine (n)	/mægə'zi:n/	magazine
newspaper (n)	/'nju:zpeɪpə(r)/	journal
politics (n)	/'pɒlətɪks/	politique
profession (n)	/prə'feʃn/	profession
production assistant (n)	/prə'dʌkʃn ə'sɪstənt/	assistant à la production
salary (n)	/'sæləri/	salaire
soul music (n)	/'səʊl mju:zɪk/	musique soul
statement (n)	/'steɪtmənt/	déclaration
survey (n)	/'sɜ:veɪ/	sondage
talent (n)	/'tælənt/	talent
vacuum cleaner (n)	/'vækju:m kli:nə(r)/	aspirateur
version (n)	/'vɜ:ʒn:/	version
drift apart (phr v)	/drɪft ə'pɑ:t/	se perdre de vue
fall out (phr v)	/fɔ:l 'aʊt/	se brouiller
get on (phr v)	/get 'ɒn/	bien s'entendre
look for (phr v)	/'lʊk fɔ:(r)/	chercher
move in (phr v)	/mu:v 'ɪn/	emménager
take part in (phr v)	/ teɪk 'pɑ:t ɪn/	participer à
argue (v)	/'ɑ:gju:/	se disputer
click (v)	/kɪk/	sympathiser
contact (v)	/'kɒntækt/	contacter
earn (v)	/ɜ:n/	gagner de l'argent
enjoy (v)	/ɪn'dʒɔɪ/	aimer
graduate (v)	/'grædʒu:et/	terminer ses études
keep (v)	/ki:p/	ranger
leave (v)	/li:v/	quitter
meet (v)	/mi:t/	se rencontrer
record (v)	/rɪ'kɔ:d/	enregistrer
rent (v)	/rent/	louer

What are you **hobbies**?

Are you going on **holiday**?

Manchester is my **home town**.

I hate **housework**.

What was your first **impression**?

What are your **interests**?

They have very different **lifestyles**.

We have good discussions about **literature**.

They buy a monthly **magazine**.

I put an advert in the **newspaper**.

She's not interested in **politics**.

I want to get to the top of my **profession**.

I work as a **production assistant**.

He earns a good **salary**.

I love **soul music**.

Is this **statement** true or false ?

They took part in a **survey**.

Do you have any special **talents**?

Where do you keep the **vacuum cleaner**?

I don't like this **version**.

Friends sometimes **drift apart**.

Why did you **fall out**?

We still **get on**.

We must **look for** someone to share the house.

When do you want to **move in**?

Did you **take part in** the survey?

They don't often **argue**.

We seemed to **click** immediately.

I'll **contact** you tomorrow.

How much money do you **earn**?

Do you **enjoy** work?

When did you **graduate**?

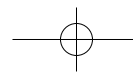
Where do you **keep** the vacuum cleaner?

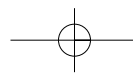
I **leave** university next summer.

When did you **meet**?

When did you **record** the album?

I decided to **rent** a flat.

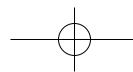


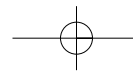


share (v)	/ʃeə(r)/	partager	We share the same house.
stay (v)	/steɪ/	rester	They want to stay friends.
worry (v)	/'wʌrɪ/	se tracasser	Don't worry .
a couple of	/ə 'kʌpl əv/	quelques	They argued a couple of times.
have a laugh	/hæv ə 'lɑ:f/	rigoler	We often have a laugh .
hit it off	/hɪt ɪt 'ɒf/	s'entendre	We hit it off immediately.

You've got mail (p.13)

beautiful (adj)	/'bjʊ:tɪfl/	joli	She is a beautiful girl.
boring (adj)	/'bɔ:ɪŋ/	ennuyeux	Maths is a boring subject.
daring (adj)	/'deərɪŋ/	audacieux	Life is a daring adventure.
divorced (adj)	/dɪ'vɔ:st/	divorcé	My parents are divorced .
grown-up (adj)	/grəʊn 'ʌp/	adulte	I have two grown-up children.
serious (adj)	/'sɪərɪəs/	sérieux	He is very serious .
single (adj)	/'sɪŋgl/	célibataire	I'm single .
adventure (n)	/əd'ventʃə(r)/	aventure	Life is a daring adventure .
boyfriend (n)	/'bɔɪfrend/	petit ami	Have you got a boyfriend ?
capital letter (n)	/kæpɪtl 'lete(r)/	majuscule	<i>English</i> begins with a capital letter .
creation (n)	/kri:'eɪʃn/	création	Mountains are nature's greatest creation .
e-mail (n)	/'i:meɪl/	Email	I'll send you an e-mail .
fish (n)	/fɪʃ/	poisson	We have eight fish .
guy (n)	/gaɪ/	type	He's a really nice guy .
hamster (n)	/'hæmstə(r)/	hamster	I have five hamsters .
horse-riding (n)	/'hɔ:sraɪdɪŋ/	équitation	She goes horse-riding every weekend.
language (n)	/'læŋgwɪdʒ/	langue	What languages do you speak?
message (n)	/'mesɪdʒ/	message	Send me an e-mail message .
movie (n)	/'mu:vɪ/	film	What sort of movies do you like?
neighbour (n)	/'neɪbə(r)/	voisin	Do you like your neighbours ?
penpal (n)	/'penpæl/	correspondant	I'm looking for a penpal .
spelling mistake (n)	/'spelɪŋ mɪsteɪk/	faute d'orthographe	The teacher found a lot of spelling mistakes .
survival strategy (n)	/sə'vaɪvl 'strætədʒɪ/	technique de survie	You must learn some survival strategies .
turtle (n)	/'tɜ:tl/	tortue de mer	Turtles live in the sea.
waterpolo (n)	/'wɔ:təpələʊ/	water-polo	Have you ever played waterpolo ?
go out (phr v)	/gəʊ 'aʊt/	sortir	I go out every evening.
split up (phr v)	/splɪt 'ʌp/	se séparer	We split up three months ago.
exercise (v)	/'eksəsaɪz/	faire de l'exercice	I exercise regularly.





promise (v)	/'prɒmɪs/	promettre
skateboard (v)	/'sketbɔ:d/	faire du skateboard
travel (v)	/'trævl/	voyager
get married	/get 'mæri:d/	se marier
introduce oneself	/ɪntrə'dju:s wʌnzself/	se présenter

Promise that you'll write to me.
Do you like **skateboarding**?
I **travel** a lot in my job.
He'd like to **get married**.
Introduce yourself to the rest of the class.

Unit 2

Relax (p. 4)

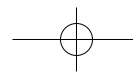
leisurely (adj)	/'leɪʒəli/	tranquille
relaxed (adj)	/rɪ'læksɪd/	détendu
typical (adj)	/'tɪpɪkl/	typique
country(side) (n)	/'kʌntrɪsaɪd/	campagne
heading (n)	/'hedɪŋ/	rubrique
nap (n)	/næp/	sieste
note down (phr v)	/nəʊt 'daʊn/	prendre note
float (v)	/fləʊt/	flotter
spend (v)	/spend/	passer
according to	/ə'kɔ:diŋ tə/	selon

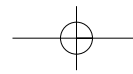
We went for a **leisurely** walk.
I'm feeling nice and **relaxed**.
Describe a **typical** working day.
Let's go for a walk in the **country**.
Put the words under different **headings**.
I'm going upstairs for a **nap**.
Note down the following words.
She was **floating** in the water.
You **spend** too much time alone.
According to the paper, he was shot.

Close up/Language Reference (p. 15-16)

relaxing (adj)	/rɪ'læksɪŋ/	relaxant
frequently (adv)	/'fri:kwəntli/	fréquemment
generally (adv)	/'dʒenərəli/	généralement
normally (adv)	/'nɔ:məli/	normalement
occasionally (adv)	/ə'keɪʒənli/	de temps en temps
often (adv)	/'ɒfn/	souvent
once (adv)	/wʌns/	une fois
rarely (adv)	/'reəli/	rarement
regularly (adv)	/'regjələli/	régulièrement
twice (adv)	/twais/	deux fois
usually (adv)	/'ju:ʒuəli/	habituellement
appointment (n)	/ə'pɔɪntmənt/	rendez-vous
hairdresser's (n)	/'heədresəz/	coiffeur
headache (n)	/'hedəɪk/	mal à la tête
key (n)	/ki:/	clé

We spent a **relaxing** evening at home.
She 's **frequently** late for work.
He **generally** arrives on time.
What time do you **normally** go to bed?
They see each other **occasionally**.
The children **often** fight.
We go to the cinema **once** a month.
They **rarely** go out.
Brush your teeth **regularly**.
They go on holiday **twice** a year.
She **usually** starts work at 9.
Don't miss your **appointment**.
I'm going to the **hairdresser's**.
I've got a **headache**.
Don't forget your **keys**.





sentence (n)	/ˈentəns/
eat out (phr v)	/i:t 'aʊt/
check (v)	/tʃek/
dream (v)	/dri:m/
forget (v)	/fə'get/
receive (v)	/rɪ'si:v/
recommend (v)	/rekə'mend/
rewrite (v)	/ri:'raɪt/
from time to time	/frəm 'taɪm tə 'taɪm/
hardly ever	/hɑ:dlɪ 'evə(r)/
now and again	/nəʊ ən ə'gen/
once in a blue moon	/wʌns ɪn ə blu: 'mu:n/

phrase	
manger au restaurant	
vérifier	
rêver	
oublier	
recevoir	
recommander	
réécrire	
de temps en temps	
presque jamais	
de temps à autre	
très rarement	

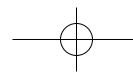
Are these **sentences** true or false?
 How often do you **eat out**?
 I'll **check** my e-mails.
 What did you **dream** about?
 Don't **forget** your appointment!
 Did you **receive** any e-mails?
 The book **recommends** relaxation.
Rewrite the following sentences.
 We go to the theatre **fromtime to time**.
 She's **hardly ever** late.
 They eat out **now and again**.
 We see each other **once in a blue moon**.

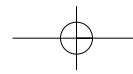
Sally (p. 17)

soft (adj)	/sɒft/
sophisticated (adj)	/sə'fɪstɪkətɪd/
specific (adj)	/spə'sɪfɪk/
stressed (adj)	/strest/
early (adv)	/'ɜ:li/
non-stop (adv)	/nɒn'stɒp/
advice (n)	/əd'vaɪs/
back cover (n)	/bæk 'kʌvə(r)/
balance (n)	/'bæləns/
birthday (n)	/'bɜ:θdeɪ/
blurb (n)	/blɜ:b/
break (n)	/breɪk/
calmness (n)	/kɑ:mənəs/
circumstances (n)	/sɜ:kəm'stɑ:nsəz/
edge (n)	/edʒ/
inner peace (n)	/ɪnə 'pi:s/
lie-in (n)	/'laɪn/
life (n)	/laɪf/
lunatic (n)	/'lu:nətɪk/
nails (n)	/neɪlz/
opposite (n)	/'ɒpəzɪt/
path (n)	/pɑ:θ/

doux	
sophistiqué	
spécifique	
stressé	
tôt	
sans arrêt	
conseil	
dos de la couverture	
équilibre	
anniversaire	
texte de présentation	
pause	
calme	
circonstance	
bord	
paix intérieure	
grasse matinée	
vie	
fou	
ongles	
opposé	
chemin	

She has a **soft** voice.
 He looked cool and **sophisticated**.
 Can you be more **specific**?
 She often feels **stressed**.
 I always get up **early**.
 They talked **non-stop**.
 The book is full of **advice**.
 She quickly read the **back** cover.
 You need some **balance** in your life.
 Happy **Birthday**!
 I read the **blurb** on the back cover.
 Let's have a 10-minute **break**.
 She had a feeling of **calmness**.
 The **circumstances** weren't easy.
 He was sitting on the **edge** of his seat.
 He had a feeling of **inner peace**.
 We have a **lie-in** on Sundays.
 Modern **life** can be stressful.
 You're behaving like a **lunatic**!
 Don't bite your **nails**!
 I'm relaxed but you're the **opposite**.
 Find the **path** to inner peace.



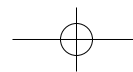


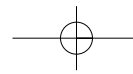
shot (n)	/ʃɒt/	dose
sunrise (n)	/'sʌnrʌɪz/	lever du soleil
sweets (n)	/swi:tʃz/	bonbons
thought (n)	/θɔ:t/	idée
voice (n)	/vɔɪs/	voix
wedding (n)	/'wedɪŋ/	mariage
deal with (phr v)	/'di:l wɪð/	résoudre
jump up (phr v)	/dʒʌmp 'ʌp/	sursauter
sit back (phr v)	/sɪt 'bæk/	bien s'asseoir
turn to (phr v)	/'tɜ:n tə/	se reporter à
wake up (phr v)	/weɪk 'ʌp/	se réveiller
discover (v)	/dɪs'kʌvə(r)/	découvrir
disturb (v)	/dɪ'stɜ:b/	déranger
fiddle (v)	/'fɪdl/	tripoter
fidget (v)	/'fɪdʒɪt/	gigoter
follow (v)	/'fɒləʊ/	suivre
inspire (v)	/ɪn'spaɪə(r)/	inspirer
pull (v)	/pʊl/	tirer
rediscover (v)	/'ri:di'skʌvə(r)/	redécouvrir
regain (v)	/'ri'geɪn/	reprendre
scratch (v)	/'skrætʃ/	gratter
scream (v)	/'skri:m/	hurler
wave (v)	/weɪv/	gesticuler
at the crack of dawn	/æt ðə 'kræk əv 'dɔ:n/	petit matin
be under the impression	/'bi: ʌndə ði: ɪm'preʃn/	croire comprendre
change one's mind	/'tʃeɪndʒ wʌnz 'maɪnd/	changer d'avis
from cover to cover	/'frəm 'kʌvə tə 'kʌvə/	d'un bout à l'autre

Lexis/Language Reference (p. 18-19)

exhausted (adj)	/ɪg'zɔ:stɪd/	épuisé	I feel exhausted .
exotic (adj)	/ɪg'zɒtɪk/	exotique	We visited some exotic locations.
impatient (adj)	/'ɪm'peɪʃnt/	impatient	Don't be so impatient !
tired (adj)	/'taɪəd/	fatigué	Stop if you're feeling tired .
constantly (adv)	/'kɒnstəntli/	constamment	The phone rings constantly .
flight (n)	/'flaɪt/	vol	What time does your flight arrive?
hat (n)	/'hæt/	chapeau	He was wearing a silly hat .

I'll have a **shot** of espresso.
 We got up early to watch the **sunrise**.
 Children love eating **sweets**.
 That's an interesting **thought**.
 She's got a very loud **voice**.
 Are you going to the **wedding**?
 There are a lot of problems to **deal with**.
 She **jumped up** when the phone rang.
Sit back and relax!
Turn to page 67.
 What time do you usually **wake up**?
 Did you **discover** anything interesting?
 Don't **disturb** Mummy!
 Don't **fiddle** with your hair!
 She's always **fidgeting**.
Follow my advice.
 The book **inspired** me.
 She's **pulling** my hair!
Rediscover yourself.
 You need to **regain** confidence.
 Stop **scratching** your nose!
 Stop **screaming**!
 Stop **waving** your hands around!
 We get up **at the crack of dawn**.
 I was **under the impression** you'd left.
 Let me know if you **change your mind**.
 She read the book **from cover to cover**.





location (n)	/ləʊ'keɪʃn/	endroit
mobile phone (n)	/'məʊbaɪl 'fəʊn/	téléphone portable
queue (n)	/kju:/	queue
uniform (n)	/'ju:nɪfɔ:m/	uniforme
give up (phr v)	/gɪv 'ʌp/	arrêter
keep on (phr v)	/ki:p 'ɒn/	continuer de
push in (phr v)	/pʊʃ 'ɪn/	passer avant son tour
smell of (phr v)	/'smel əv/	sentir
switch off (phr v)	/swɪtʃ 'ɒf/	oublier
use up (phr v)	/'ju:z 'ʌp/	utiliser tout
arrange (v)	/ə'reɪndʒ/	fixer
break (v)	/breɪk/	casser
crash (v)	/kræʃ/	crasher
fold (v)	/fəʊld/	plier
hurry (v)	/'hʌrɪ/	se dépêcher
invest (v)	/'hɪɪv/	investir
phone (v)	/fəʊn/	téléphoner
rest (v)	/rest/	se reposer
ring (v)	/rɪŋ/	appeler
serve (v)	/sɜ:v/	servir
touch (v)	/tʌtʃ/	toucher
be in progress	/bi: ɪn 'prəʊɡres/	être en cours
keep still	/ki:p 'stɪl/	ne pas bouger
lose one's temper	/'lu:z wʌnz 'tempə(r)/	perdre son sang froid

We visited some exotic **locations**.

Have you got a **mobile phone**?

I hate waiting in **queues**.

We wear a **uniform** at work.

I'm trying to **give up** smoking.

Keep on trying!

I always **push in** in a queue.

You **smell of** smoke!

Try to **switch off** from work.

We've **used up** all the spare disks.

Let's **arrange** a time to meet.

Careful, or you'll **break** it!

My computer's **crashed**.

Fold it in half.

She **hurried** home.

He's **invested** the money.

I'll **phone** you tomorrow.

Let's **rest** for a few minutes.

Ring me tomorrow.

I **serve** over 100 people in a day.

Don't **touch** anything!

There's a meeting **in progress**.

Stop fidgeting and **keep still**!

I often **lose my temper**.

Books, films & music (p. 20)

boring (adj)	/'bɔ:ɪŋ/	ennuyeux
disappointed (adj)	/dɪsə'pɔɪntɪd/	déçu
disappointing (adj)	/dɪsə'pɔɪntɪŋ/	décevant
excited (adj)	/ɪk'saɪtɪd/	excité
exciting (adj)	/ɪk'saɪtɪŋ/	excitant
fascinated (adj)	/'fæsɪneɪtɪd/	fasciné
fascinating (adj)	/'fæsɪneɪtɪŋ/	fascinant
inspired (adj)	/'ɪn'spaɪəd/	inspiré
inspiring (adj)	/'ɪn'spaɪərɪŋ/	inspirant

I didn't enjoy the film – it was **boring**.

She felt really **disappointed**.

The book was **disappointing**.

The children are very **excited**.

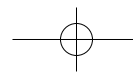
What an **exciting** piece of news!

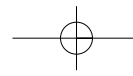
I'm **fascinated** by biographies.

What a **fascinating** book!

It was an **inspired** guess!

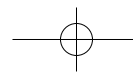
What an **inspiring** story!

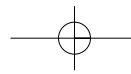




interested (adj)	/ɪntrəstɪd/	intéressé
interesting (adj)	/ɪntrəstɪŋ/	intéressant
action (n)	/ˈækʃn/	action
blues (n)	/bluːz/	blues
comedy (n)	/ˈkɒmədi/	comédie
diary (n)	/ˈdaɪəri/	agenda
director (n)	/dɪˈrektə(r)/	directeur
ending (n)	/ˈendɪŋ/	fin
fiction (n)	/ˈfɪkʃn/	fiction
gangster (n)	/ˈgæŋstə(r)/	gangster
hiphop (n)	/ˈhɪphɒp/	hiphop
horror (n)	/ˈhɒrə(r)/	horreur
love story (n)	/lʌv stɔːri/	histoire d'amour
musical (n)	/ˈmjuːzɪkl/	comédie musicale
novel (n)	/ˈnɒvl/	roman
opera (n)	/ˈɒprə/	opéra
orchestra (n)	/ˈɔːkɪstrə/	orchestre
paperback (n)	/ˈpeɪpəbæk/	livre de poche
plot (n)	/plɒt/	intrigue
premier (n)	/ˈpremiə(r)/	première
record (n)	/ˈrekɔːd/	disque
reggae (n)	/ˈregeɪ/	reggae
review (n)	/rɪˈvjuː/	compte-rendu
risk (n)	/rɪsk/	risque
science fiction (n)	/saɪəns ˈfɪkʃn/	science fiction
short story (n)	/ʃɔːt ˈstɔːri/	une nouvelle
soundtrack (n)	/ˈsaʊndtræk/	bande sonore
stereo system (n)	/ˈsteriəʊ sɪstəm/	système stéréo
storyline (n)	/ˈstɔːrɪlaɪn/	histoire
subtitles (n)	/ˈsʌbtʌɪtlz/	sous-titre
tape (n)	teɪp	cassette
thriller (n)	/ˈθrɪlə(r)/	film d'épouvante
western (n)	/ˈwestən/	western
enjoy (v)	/ɪnˈdʒɔɪ/	aimer
judge (v)	/dʒʌdʒ/	juger

Are you **interested** in sport?
 It was a very **interesting** book.
 an **action** film
 a **blues** band
 The film is a romantic **comedy**.
 Put the date in your **diary**.
 She's a well-known **director**.
 The film has a sad **ending**.
 I like reading **fiction**.
 Do you enjoy **gangster** films?
 Do you like **hiphop**?
 I hate **horror** films.
Romeo and Juliet is a **love story**.
 We enjoy **musicals**.
 Do you enjoy reading **novels**?
 I love **opera**.
 An **orchestra** was playing.
 I bought a **paperback** at the airport.
 The **plot** was quite complicated.
 a world **premier**
 He likes listening to **records**.
 She's a fan of **reggae**.
 Do you ever read book **reviews**?
 Don't take any **risks**.
 He's a fan of **science fiction**.
 a book of **short stories**
 The film has an excellent **soundtrack**.
 This is a wonderful **stereo system**.
 The **storyline** wasn't very exciting.
 I don't enjoy films with **subtitles**.
 I listen to **tapes** when I'm driving.
 We watched a **thriller** on TV.
 Do you like **westerns**?
 She **enjoys** reading.
 You shouldn't **judge** people.



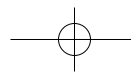


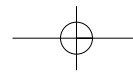
How are you feeling? (p. 21)

appropriate (adj)	/ə'prəʊpɪət/	approprié	Choose the appropriate word.
cheerful (adj)	/'tʃiːfl/	gai	You're looking very cheerful .
confused (adj)	/kən'fju:zd/	confus	I'm confused !
nervous (adj)	/nɜ:vəs/	nerveux	I felt very nervous before the exam.
worried (adj)	/'wʌrɪd/	tracassé	What are you worried about?
jogging (n)	/'dʒɔɡɪŋ/	jogging	She goes jogging every day.
motor-racing (n)	/'məʊtə reɪsɪŋ/	course de voitures	He likes watching motor-racing .
nightlife (n)	/'naɪtlaɪf/	quelque chose à faire le soir	There's not much nightlife .
speech (n)	/spi:tʃ/	discours	She made a long speech .

Net reviews (p. 22)

affordable (adj)	/ə'fɔ:dəbl/	abordable	The price is affordable .
appalling (adj)	/ə'pɔ:ɪŋ/	épouvantable	They had an appalling accident.
memorable (adj)	/'memərəbl/	mémorable	It was a memorable occasion.
uneasy (adj)	/ʌn'i:zi/	mal à l'aise	He makes me feel uneasy .
convincingly (adv)	/kən'vɪnsɪŋli/	avec conviction	She acted the part convincingly .
cast (n)	/kɑ:st/	distribution	There are famous actors in the cast .
comment (n)	/'kɒment/	commentaire	Please send in your comments .
editor (n)	/'edɪtə(r)/	éditeur	She's editor of a well-known magazine.
horse (n)	/hɔ:s/	cheval	He fell off a horse .
information (n)	/ɪnfə'meɪʃn/	information	Contact us for more information .
injury (n)	/'ɪndʒəri/	blesure	He had terrible injuries .
landscape (n)	/'lændskeɪp/	paysage	The landscape was beautiful.
performance (n)	/'pɜ:fɔ:məns/	représentation	Redford gave a good performance .
portrayal (n)	/'pɔ:'treɪəl/	portrait	a portrayal of life in Montana
quote (n)	/kwəʊt/	citation	Here are some quotes from the film.
summary (n)	/'sʌməri/	résumé	Read the plot summary .
tearjerker (n)	/'tiədʒɜ:kə(r)/	mélo	The film was a real tearjerker .
tragedy (n)	/'trædʒədɪ/	tragédie	I prefer comedies to tragedies .
web-page (n)	/'webpeɪdʒ/	page web	Find more information on our web-page .
look forward to (phr v)	/lʊk 'fɔ:wəd tə/	être impatient	I'm looking forward to seeing you.
heal (v)	/hi:l/	guérir	He has a talent for healing horses.
match (v)	/'mætʃ/	associer	Match the words to the pictures.
smile (v)	/smaɪl/	sourire	He smiled and said <i>hello</i> .





star (v) /stɑ:(r)/
 be based on /bɪ 'beɪst ɒn/
 come to mind /kʌm tə 'maɪnd/

avoir pour vedette
 être basé sur
 venir à l'esprit

The film **stars** Robert Redford.
 The film is **based on** a novel.
 Several questions **came to mind**.

Unit 3

Dating (p. 24-25)

abroad (adv) /ə'brɔ:d/
 bride (n) /braɪd/
 bridegroom (n) /'brɪdgru:m/
 broken heart (n) /'brəʊkən 'hɑ:t/
 century (n) /'sentʃəri/
 couple (n) /'kʌpl/
 crush (n) /krʌʃ/
 extract (n) /'ɪkstrækt/
 hero (n) /'hɪərəʊ/
 independence (n) /ɪndɪ'pendəns/
 kiss (n) /kɪs/
 marriage (n) /'mæɪdʒ/
 partner (n) /'pɑ:tnə(r)/
 phone call (n) /'fəʊn kɔ:l/
 regret (n) /rɪ'gret/
 relationship (n) /rɪ'leɪʃnʃɪp/
 trip (n) /trɪp/
 propose (v) /prə'pəʊz/
 succeed (v) /sək'si:d/
 survive (v) /sə'vaɪv/
 be in love /bi: ɪn 'lʌv/
 be keen to do (sth) /bi 'ki:n tə du:z/

à l'étranger
 mariée
 marié
 cœur brisé
 siècle
 couple
 toquade
 extrait
 héros
 indépendance
 baiser
 mariage
 partenaire
 coup de téléphone
 regret
 relation
 voyage
 demander en mariage
 réussir
 survivre
 être amoureux
 être impatient de faire quelque chose
 se marier
 coup de foudre

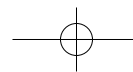
Have you ever been **abroad**?
 The **bride** looked beautiful.
 The **bridegroom** looked very smart.
 Have you ever had a **broken heart**?
 This is the twenty-first **century**.
 A journalist interviewed **the couple**.
 Who was your first **crush**?
 Read the following **extract**.
 He's the **hero** of the novel.
 I like my **independence**.
 Give me a **kiss**!
 They have a happy **marriage**.
 I live with my **partner**.
 Can I make a **phone call**?
 Do you have any **regrets**?
 Sadly, our **relationship** didn't last.
 It's my first **trip** abroad.
 Men usually **propose** to women.
 She was determined to **succeed**.
 Many relationships don't **survive**.
 They're obviously **in love**.
 He was **keen to get married**.
 They want to **get married**.
 It was **love at first sight**.

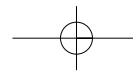
Close up and Language reference (p. 25-26)

tense (n) /tens/
 watch (n) /wɒtʃ/

temps
 montre

Which **tense** is the verb in?
 He was wearing a gold **watch**.





for (prep)	/fə(r); fɔ:(r)/
since (prep)	/sɪns/
tick (v)	/tɪk/

pendant
depuis
cocher

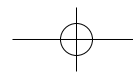
They've been married **for** 2 years.
They've been married **since** 1999.
Tick the correct answer.

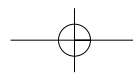
How we met (p.27)

gorgeous (adj)	/'gɔ:dʒəs/
kind (adj)	/kaɪnd/
magnetic (adj)	/mæɡ'netɪk/
(be) retired (adj)	/(bɪ) rɪ'taɪəd/
shy (adj)	/ʃaɪ/
understanding (adj)	/ʌndə'stændɪŋ/
upset (adj)	/ʌp'set/
unfortunately (adv)	/ʌn'fɔ:tʃənətli/
account (n)	/ə'kaʊnt/
argument (n)	/'ɑ:gjʌmənt/
attraction (n)	/ə'trækʃn/
burglary (n)	/'bɜ:gləri/
fate (n)	/feɪt/
luggage (n)	/'lʌɡɪdʒ/
story (n)	/'stɔ:ri/
ask (sb) out (phr v)	/ɑ:sk 'aʊt/
calm (sb) down (phr v)	/kɑ:m 'daʊn/
get off (phr v)	/get 'ɒf/
ring (sb) up (phr v)	/rɪŋ 'ʌp/
chat (v)	/tʃæt/
drive (v)	/draɪv/
publish (v)	/'pʌblɪʃ/
recognise (v)	/'rekəɡnaɪz/
report (v)	/rɪ'pɔ:t/
wonder (v)	/'wʌndə(r)/
at once	/ət 'wʌns/
be against (sth)	/bi: ə'ɡenst/
get engaged	/get ɪn'geɪdʒd/
get to know (sb)	/get tə 'nəʊ/

adorable
gentil
magnétique
être à la retraite
timide
compréhensif
première fois
malheureusement
compte-rendu
dispute
attraction
vol
destin
bagages
histoire
inviter quelqu'un à sortir
calmer quelqu'un
descendre
passer un coup de fil à quelqu'un
discuter
conduire
publier
reconnaître
déclarer
se demander
immédiatement
être opposé à
se fiancer
connaître

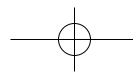
I think he's **gorgeous**.
She's a **kind** and generous person.
The attraction between us was **magnetic**.
They're both **retired**.
He's quiet and **shy**.
Thank you for being so **understanding**.
When did you **first** meet?
I can't come, **unfortunately**.
Read this **account** of their first meeting.
They're always having **arguments**.
We both felt a magnetic **attraction**.
They reported the **burglary**.
Fate brought us together.
He helped me with my **luggage**.
What a romantic **story**!
He phoned and **asked her out**.
We tried to **calm her down**.
Get off the bus at the next stop.
You should have **rung me up**.
We **chatted** for a long time.
I'll **drive** you home.
They **published** my letter.
I didn't **recognise** you!
They **reported** the burglary.
I **wonder** where they are.
He recognised me **at once**.
My mother was **against the marriage**.
When did you **get engaged**?
Where did you **get to know** him?

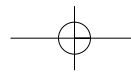




Dream date (p. 28)

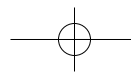
absent-minded (adj)	/æbsənt'maɪndɪd/	distrain	He's very absent-minded .
ancient (adj)	/'eɪnʃənt/	ancient	<i>Ki</i> is an ancient form of astrology.
big-headed (adj)	/bɪg'hedɪd/	crâneur	Don't be so big-headed !
broad-minded (adj)	/brɔ:d'maɪndɪd/	large d'esprit	I like people who are broad-minded .
cheerful (adj)	/'tʃɪəfl/	gai	He's always happy and cheerful .
Chinese (adj)	/'tʃaɪni:z/	chinois	<i>Ki</i> is a form of Chinese astrology.
easygoing (adj)	/i:zi'gəʊɪŋ/	coulant	Our teacher is really easygoing .
faithful (adj)	/'feɪθfl/	fidèle	Have you always been faithful ?
generous (adj)	/'dʒenərəs/	généreux	She's an extremely generous person.
good-looking (adj)	/gʊd'lʊkɪŋ/	beau	My boyfriend's very good-looking .
hardworking (adj)	/hɑ:d'wɔ:kɪŋ/	travailleur	He's loyal and hardworking .
modest (adj)	/'mɒdɪst/	modeste	She's quiet and modest .
narrow-minded (adj)	/nærəʊ'maɪndɪd/	borné	Don't be so narrow-minded !
old-fashioned (adj)	/əʊld'fæʃnd/	vieux jeu	My parents are very old-fashioned .
outgoing (adj)	/aʊt'gəʊɪŋ/	sociable	He has a friendly outgoing personality.
over-sensitive (adj)	/əʊvə'sensətɪv/	hypersensible	She tends to be over-sensitive .
reliable (adj)	/rɪ'laɪəbl/	fiable	I need someone reliable .
rich (adj)	/rɪtʃ/	riche	She wants to find a rich husband.
self-centred (adj)	/self'sentəd/	egocentrique	I hate self-centred people!
sincere (adj)	/sɪn'sɪə(r)/	sincère	She's honest and sincere .
two-faced (adj)	/tu:'feɪst/	hypocrite	You can't trust him - he's two-faced .
witty (adj)	/'wɪtɪ/	spirituel	He's witty and amusing.
chat-up line (n)	/'tʃætʌp laɪn/	façon de draguer	He always has the same chat-up line .
description (n)	/dɪ'skrɪpʃn/	description	Read the description carefully.
photo shoot (n)	/'fəʊtəʊ ʃu:t/	séance de photos	We met during a photo shoot .
quality (n)	/'kwɒlətɪ/	qualité	He has a lot of good qualities .
sky (n)	/skaɪ/	ciel	There wasn't a cloud in the sky .
star (n)	/stɑ:(r)/	étoile	Look at all the stars in the sky!
thief (n)	/θi:f/	voleur	Thieves stole computers and equipment.
believe (v)	/bɪ'li:v/	croire	I don't believe you!
join (v)	/dʒɔɪn/	se joindre à	Join us for a drink!
mark (v)	/mɑ:k/	marquer	Mark the sounds that you hear.
move (v)	/mu:v/	emménager	I've just moved next door.
practise (v)	/'præktɪs/	s'entraîner	You should practise more.

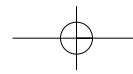




Ki Astrology (p. 29)

active (adj)	/'æktɪv/	active	They lead an active life.
attractive (adj)	/ə'træktɪv/	séduisant	She's very attractive .
caring (adj)	/'keərɪŋ/	chaleureux	He's a kind caring person.
charismatic (adj)	/kærɪz'mætɪk/	charismatique	She's a charismatic leader.
committed (adj)	/kə'mɪtɪd/	engagé	He wasn't committed to the relationship.
deep (adj)	/di:p/	profond	She's a deep thinker.
dynamic (adj)	/daɪ'næmɪk/	dynamique	He has a dynamic personality.
fun (adj)	/fʌn/	amusant	I like David and he's good fun .
giving (adj)	/'gɪvɪŋ/	généreux	He's loving and giving .
hurt (adj)	/hɜ:t/	froissé	She's easily hurt .
impulsive (adj)	/ɪm'pʌlsɪv/	impulsif	Don't be too impulsive .
isolated (adj)	/'aɪsəleɪtɪd/	isolé	I felt a bit isolated .
passionate (adj)	/'pæʃənət/	passionné	They had a passionate relationship
private (adj)	/'praɪvət/	privé	He's a very private person.
romantic (adj)	/rəʊ'mæntɪk/	romantique	We spent a romantic evening together.
sociable (adj)	/'səʊʃəbl/	sociable	I'm not feeling very sociable .
stubborn (adj)	/'stʌbən/	têtu	Why are you so stubborn ?
talkative (adj)	/'tɔ:kətɪv/	bavard	She's loud and talkative .
unfaithful (adj)	/ʌn'feɪθfl/	infidèle	He was unfaithful to his girlfriend.
badly (adv)	/'bædli/	méchamment	She treated you really badly .
lightly (adv)	/'laɪtlɪ/	avec légèreté	He doesn't treat relationships lightly .
seriously (adv)	/'sɪəriəsli/	sérieusement	Don't take things so seriously !
affair (n)	/ə'feə(r)/	liaison	They had a love affair .
ambition (n)	/æm'bɪʃn/	ambition	What are your ambitions ?
commitment (n)	/kə'mɪtmənt/	engagement	You have a strong sense of commitment .
company (n)	/'kʌmpəni/	compagnie	He enjoys his own company .
cycle (n)	/'saɪkl/	cycle	Everything goes round in cycles .
decision (n)	/dɪ'sɪʒn/	décision	He's good at making decisions .
excitement (n)	/ɪk'saɪtmənt/	excitation	She loves the excitement of romance
instruction (n)	/ɪn'strʌkʃn/	instruction	Follow the instructions .
leader (n)	/'li:də(r)/	leader	He's a born leader .
manner (n)	/'mænə(r)/	manière	She has a cool manner .
nature (n)	/'neɪtʃə(r)/	nature	He has a very generous nature .
power (n)	/'paʊə(r)/	pouvoir	Bosses have all the power .
right (n)	/raɪt/	bien	the difference between right and wrong.





status (n)	/'steɪtəs/	standing
understanding (n)	/ʌndə'stændɪŋ/	compréhension
frighten (sb) off (phr v)	/fraɪtn 'ɒf/	effaroucher quelqu'un
give up (phr v)	/gɪv 'ʌp/	abandonner
act (v)	/ækt/	agir
avoid (v)	/ə'vɔɪd/	éviter
criticise (v)	/'krɪtɪsaɪz/	critiquer
experiment (v)	/ɪk'sperɪmənt/	expérimenter
flit (v)	/flɪt/	courir
offend (v)	/ə'fend/	offenser
scare (v)	/skeə(r)/	effrayer
share (v)	/ʃeə(r)/	s'épancher
treat (v)	/tri:t/	traiter
be capable of	/bi 'keɪpəbl əv/	être capable de
be the centre of attention	/bi ðə 'sentə(r) əv ə'tenʃn/	être le centre de l'attention
be in control	/bi: ɪn kən'trəʊl/	être maître
behind (sb's) back	/bɪhaɪnd ... 'bæk/	derrrière le dos de quelqu'un
get close to (sb)	/get 'kləʊs tə/	s'approcher de quelqu'un

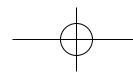
I want a job with power and **status**.
 Thank you for your **understanding**.
 Her cool manner **frightened me off**.
 Never **give up**!
 Think before you **act**!
 I try to **avoid** confrontation.
 Stop **criticising**!
 He likes to **experiment**.
 She **flits** from one activity to another.
 I didn't mean to **offend** you.
 He tends to **scare** people.
 Do you **share** your feelings easily?
 He **treated** her very badly.
 He's **capable of** great tenderness.
 She's always **the centre of attention**.
 I like to **be in control**.
 She had an affair **behind his back**.
 It's difficult to **get close to** her.

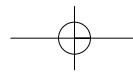
I don't fancy yours much/Language reference (p. 30)

broke (adj)	/brəʊk/	fauché	Students are always broke .
mean (adj)	/mi:n/	radin	He was too mean to buy us a drink.
conversation (n)	/kɒnvə'seɪʃn/	conversation	Listen to their conversation .
save up (phr v)	/seɪv 'ʌp/	économiser	I'm saving up for a holiday.
shut up (phr v)	/ʃʌt 'ʌp/	se taire	Just shut up , will you!

A boyfriend's worst nightmare (p. 31)

charming (adj)	/'tʃɑ:mɪŋ/	charmant	She's a charming young woman.
handsome (adj)	/'hænsəm/	joli	He's a handsome young man.
sporty (adj)	/'spɔ:tɪ/	sportif	I'm not very sporty .
ice hockey (n)	/'aɪs hɒki/	hockey sur glace	Eddie plays ice hockey .
nightmare (n)	/'naɪtmɛə(r)/	cauchemar	The whole experience was a nightmare !
be over the moon	/bi: əʊvə ðə 'mu:n/	être ravi	I was over the moon to see him again.
bear in mind (that)	/beər ɪn 'maɪnd/	ne pas oublier que	Bear in mind that they're very young.
get together with sb	/get tə'geðə wɪð/	commencer à sortir avec quelqu'un	When did you get together with your girlfriend?





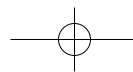
Unit 4

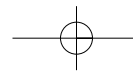
Adrenalin (p. 32)

scared (adj)	/skeəd/	effrayé	I felt really scared .
(be) stuck (adj)	/(bɪ) 'stʌk/	être coincé	We were stuck in a traffic jam.
adrenalin (n)	/əd'renəlɪn/	adrénaline	He experienced a rush of adrenalin .
audience (n)	/'ɔ:diəns/	public	A large audience came to the show.
charity (n)	/'tʃærəti/	organisation caritative	I did a parachute jump for charity .
exam (n)	/ɪg'zæm/	examen	Did you pass the exam ?
motorbike (n)	/'məʊtəbaɪk/	moto	He loves riding motorbikes .
roller-coaster (n)	/rəʊlə'kəʊstə(r)/	montagnes russes	Did you go on the roller-coaster ?
speech (n)	/spi:tʃ/	discours	I hate making speeches .
speed (n)	/spi:d/	vitesse	What speed were you travelling at?
team (n)	/ti:m/	équipe	Which team won?
traffic jam (n)	/'træfɪk dʒæm/	embouteillage	We were stuck in a traffic jam .
take off (phr v)	/teɪk 'ɒf/	décoller	The plane should take off on time.
climb (v)	/klaɪm/	grimper	They climbed the hill.
experience (v)	/ɪk'spiəriəns/	ressentir	I experienced a feeling of joy.
gallop (v)	/'gæləp/	galoper	She loves galloping on her horse.
ride (v)	/raɪd/	rouler	Can you ride a bike?
rob (v)	/rɒb/	voler	We were robbed on the underground.
take (v)	/teɪk/	passer	When do you take the exam?
no way!	/nəʊ 'weɪ/	Il n'en est pas question	Would you go skydiving? No way!

Skydiving (p. 33)

addicted (adj)	/ə'dɪktɪd/	accroché	He's addicted to skydiving.
alive (adj)	/ə'laɪv/	vivante	You're lucky to be alive .
cloudless (adj)	/'klaʊdləs/	sans nuages	a beautiful cloudless day.
glad (adj)	/glæd/	heureux	I was glad to be alive.
hooked (adj)	/hʊkt/	adonné	He's hooked on computer games.
incredible (adj)	/ɪn'kredəbl/	incroyable	What an incredible experience!
mad (adj)	/mæd/	fou	You must be mad!
peaceful (adj)	/'pi:sfl/	paisible	Everything was quiet and peaceful .
unforgettable (adj)	/ʌnfə'getəbl/	inoublable	It was an unforgettable experience.
almost (adv)	/'ɔ:lməʊst/	presque	The accident almost killed him.
barely (adv)	/'beəli/	à peine	The plane was barely big enough.





voluntarily (adv)	/'vɒləntərɪli/	volontairement
blood (n)	/blʌd/	sang
cord (n)	/kɔ:d/	cordon
document (n)	/'dɒkjɪmənt/	document
elbow (n)	/'elbəʊ/	coude
foot/feet (n)	/fʊt; fi:t/	pied / pieds
jaw (n)	/dʒɔ:/	mâchoire
jump (n)	/dʒʌmp/	saut
mind (n)	/'maɪnd/	esprit
motivation (n)	/'mɔʊtɪ'veɪʃn /	motivation
runway (n)	/'rʌnweɪ/	piste de décollage
skydiving (n)	/'skɑɪdaɪvɪŋ/	saut en chute libre
tooth/teeth (n)	/tu:θ; ti:θ/	dent / dents
view (n)	/'vjʊ:/	vue
go down (phr v)	/'gəʊ 'daʊn/	décliner
book (v)	/'bʊk/	réserver
collide (v)	/'kɔ:'laɪd/	entrer en collision
free-fall (v)	/'fri:fɔ:l/	faire du saut en chute libre
hold (v)	/'həʊld/	contenir
imagine (v)	/'ɪmædʒɪn/	imaginer
sign (v)	/'saɪn/	signer
skydive (v)	/'skɑɪdaɪv/	faire du saut en chute libre
spend (v)	/'spend/	passer
disaster strikes	/'dɪ'zɑ:stə 'straɪks/	la catastrophe se produit
do the right thing	/'du: ðə raɪt 'θɪŋ/	faire ce qu'il faut
get better	/'get 'betə/	se rétablir
go blank	/'gəʊ 'blæŋk/	avoir un vide
go well	/'gəʊ 'wel/	bien aller
take one's breath away	/'teɪk wʌnz 'breθ əweɪ/	couper le souffle à quelqu'un

They did it **voluntarily**.

Her leg was covered in **blood**.

Pull the **cord**!

This is an important **document**.

I've hurt my **elbow**.

Don't stand on my **foot**!

He fell and broke his **jaw**.

Have you ever done a parachute **jump**?

Thoughts raced through my **mind**.

What's your **motivation**?

The plane was waiting on the **runway**.

Skydiving can be a dangerous sport.

He broke 19 **teeth**.

What a fantastic **view**!

The sun was **going down**.

Have you **booked** a flight?

The cars **collided** on the wet road.

He loves **free-falling**.

The plane will **hold** 3 people.

Imagine you're on a desert island.

Please **sign** the form.

I've always wanted to **skydive**.

I **spent** a day training.

Disaster struck when our parachutes collided.

Are you sure **you're doing the right thing**?

I hope you **get better** soon.

My mind **went blank**

Everything's **going well**.

The view **took my breath away**.

Lexis/A sporting life (p. 34-35)

brilliant (adj)	/'brɪljənt/	fantastique
fit (adj)	/'fɪt/	en forme
funny (adj)	/'fʌni/	drôle
furious (adj)	/'fjʊəriəs/	furieux
hilarious (adj)	/'hɪ'leəriəs/	désopilant

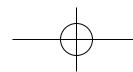
We had a **brilliant** time.

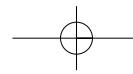
I'm not as **fit** as I used to be.

He told a **funny** joke.

She was absolutely **furious**.

The film was **hilarious**!





strange (adj)	/streɪndʒ/	étrange
thrilled (adj)	/θrɪld/	enchanté
unsuitable (adj)	/ʌn'su:təbl/	déconseillé
absolutely (adv)	/æbsə'tlu:tli/	absolument
fairly (adv)	/'feəli/	relativement
rather (adv)	/'rɑ:ðə/	assez
totally (adv)	/'təʊtəli/	totalement
aerobatics (n)	/eərə'bætɪks/	acrobatie aérienne
athletics (n)	/æθ'letɪks/	athlétisme
bungee jumping (n)	/'bʌndʒɪ dʒʌmpɪŋ/	saut à l'élastique
climbing (n)	/'klaɪmɪŋ/	escalade
cycling (n)	/'saɪklɪŋ/	faire de la bicyclette
fight (n)	/faɪt/	combat
horse-riding (n)	/'hɔ:sraɪdɪŋ/	équitation
judo (n)	/'dʒu:dəʊ/	judo
karate (n)	/kə'rɑ:tɪ/	karaté
rugby (n)	/'rʌɡbi/	rugby
sailing (n)	/'seɪlɪŋ/	voile
scuba-diving (n)	/'sku:bədaɪvɪŋ/	plongée sous-marine
skating (n)	/'skeɪtɪŋ/	patiner
snow-boarding (n)	/'snəʊbɔ:dɪŋ/	surf des neiges
weightlifting (n)	/'weɪtlɪftɪŋ/	haltérophilie
windsurfing (n)	/'wɪndzɜ:fɪŋ/	planche à voile
make up (phr v)	/meɪk 'ʌp/	composer

How **strange**!

They were **thrilled** to hear the news.

Is boxing **unsuitable** for women?

You look **absolutely** fantastic!

He's **fairly** tall.

I feel **rather** tired.

She looked **totally** exhausted.

I do **aerobatics**.

She's always been good at **athletics**.

Have you ever tried **bungee jumping**?

She enjoys mountain **climbing**.

I go **cycling** at weekends.

She won her first **fight** in November 98.

She enjoys going **horse-riding**.

He does **judo** once a week.

She goes to a **karate** class.

We play **rugby** at school.

They often go **sailing** in the summer.

We went **scuba-diving** on holiday.

Let's go **skating** this weekend.

Have you ever tried **snow-boarding**?

I do **weightlifting** in the gym.

They've gone **windsurfing**.

Make up your own dialogues.

Close up (p. 36-37)

bone (n)	/bəʊn/	os
desert (n)	/'dezət/	désert
driver (n)	/'draɪvə(r)/	chauffeur
laptop (n)	/'læptɒp/	ordinateur portable
snake (n)	/'sneɪk/	serpent
cross (v)	/'krɒs/	traverser
die (v)	/'daɪ/	mourir
be in trouble	/'bi: ɪn 'trʌbl/	avoir des ennuis

Have you ever broken a **bone**?

A **desert** is hot and dry.

He's a taxi **driver**.

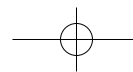
He uses a **laptop** computer

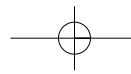
I was bitten by a **snake**.

They **crossed** the desert.

I thought I was going to **die**.

She's **in trouble** with the police.





The Adrenalin Game (p. 39)

backwards (adv)	/'bækwədz/	a l'envers	Can you say the alphabet backwards ?
truthfully (adv)	/'tru:θfəli/	honnêtement	Answer the question truthfully .
board (n)	/bɔ:d/	tapis de jeu	Move the counters around the board .
counter (n)	/'kauntə(r)/	jeton	The game is played with counters .
dare (n)	/deə(r)/	gage	The victim must do a dare .
dice (n)	/daɪs/	dés	Throw the dice !
score (n)	/skɔ:(r)/	score	The team with the highest score wins.
truth (n)	/'tru:θ/	vérité	Are you telling the truth ?
winner (n)	/'wɪnə(r)/	gagnant	The winner is the team with most points.
demonstrate (v)	/'demənstreɪt/	faire une démonstration	We had to demonstrate disco dancing.
imitate (v)	/'ɪmɪteɪt/	imiter	Can you imitate any famous people?
throw (v)	/θrəʊ /	lancer	Throw the dice!
take turns	/teɪk 'tɜ:nz /	attendre son tour	Take turns to throw the dice.

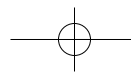
Close up/Language reference (p. 40)

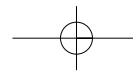
less (adv)	/les/	moins	The film was less interesting than I expected.
slightly (adv)	/'slɑɪtli/	légèrement	Paul is slightly older than George.
like (prep)	/laɪk/	comme	Snowboarding is like skiing.
a little bit	/ə 'lɪtl bɪt/	un petit peu	Katrina is a little bit taller than Eva.
by far	/baɪ 'fɑ:/	de loin	Russia is by far the biggest country in Europe.
far more	/fɑ: 'mɔ:/	bien plus	Football is far more popular than skydiving.
much more	/'mʌtʃ mɔ:/	beaucoup plus	She's much more intelligent than I am.
not nearly as	/nɒt 'niəli əz/	pas aussi que	Skydiving isn't nearly as popular as football.
similar to	/'sɪmələ tu:/	ressembler	Snowboarding is similar to skiing.

Unit 5

Kids (p. 42-43)

quiet (adj)	/'kwaɪət/	silencieux	Are you all right? You're very quiet .
away (adv)	/ə'weɪ/	au loin	I miss you when you're away .
autumn (n)	/'ɔ:t əm/	automne	Leaves fall off the trees in autumn .
baby (n)	/'beɪbi/	bébé	My mum's just had a baby .
Christmas (n)	/'krɪsməs/	Noël	Happy Christmas !
definition (n)	/defɪ'nɪʃn/	définition	Read the following definitions of a mother.





dinosaur (n)	/'daɪnəsɔː/	dinosaure
God (n)	/gɒd/	Dieu
iceberg (n)	/'aɪsbɜːg/	iceberg
Internet (n)	/'ɪntənɛt/	Internet
judge (n)	/dʒʌdʒ/	judge
jungle (n)	/'dʒʌŋɡl/	jungle
mum (n)	/mʌm/	maman
museum (n)	/'mjuː'ziəm/	musée
mobile phone (n)	/'məʊbaɪl 'fəʊn/	téléphone portable
ozone layer (n)	/'əʊzəʊn 'leɪə(r)/	couche d'ozone
point of view (n)	/'pɔɪnt əv 'vjuː/	point de vue
robber (n)	/'rɒbə(r)/	voleur
toddler (n)	/'tɒdlə(r)/	enfant en bas âge
vet (n)	/vet/	vétérinaire
care for (phr v)	/'keə fɔː/	s'occuper de
tuck in (phr v)	/tʌk 'ɪn/	border
cry (v)	/kraɪ/	pleurer
define (v)	/dɪ'faɪn/	définir
tell (v)	/tel/	dire
yell (v)	/jel/	hurler

Dinosaurs are now extinct..

I believe in **God**.

Huge **icebergs** were floating on the sea.

They found a lot of information on the **Internet**.

A **judge** works in a law court.

Tigers live in the **jungle**.

I love my **mum**.

We visited a **museum**.

Switch off all **mobile phones**!

Pollution is destroying the **ozone layer**.

I understand your **point of view**.

Police caught the bank **robbers**.

Toddlers are between 1-3 years old.

A **vet** looks after sick animals.

A mum is someone who **cares for** you.

I'll come upstairs and **tuck you in**.

Don't **cry**!

Define 5 things from the list.

Tell me what's wrong.

Stop **yelling** at me!

Close up (p. 43-44)

optional (adj)	/'ɒpʃənl/	optionnel
calendar (n)	/'kæləndə(r)/	calendrier
degree (n)	/dɪ'ɡriː/	diplôme
education (n)	/edʒə'keɪʃn/	éducation
grant (n)	/grɑːnt/	bourse
heaven (n)	/'hevn/	ciel
machine gun (n)	/mə'ʃiːn ɡʌn/	mitrailleuse
make (n)	/meɪk/	marque
prize (n)	/'praɪz/	prix
professor (n)	/'prɒ'fesə(r)/	professeur
public school (n)	/'pʌblɪk 'sku:l/	école privée
qualification (n)	/'kwɒlɪfɪ'keɪʃn/	qualification
relative clause (n)	/'relətɪv 'klɔːz/	proposition relative
relative pronoun (n)	/'relətɪv 'prəʊnaʊn/	pronom relatif

A relative pronoun is sometimes **optional**.

A **calendar** tells you what date it is.

Luis has a **degree** in engineering.

A good **education** is very important.

A student **grant** is money given to a student.

God lives in **heaven**.

A **machine gun** is a dangerous weapon.

What **make** is your car?

Congratulations! You've won first **prize**.

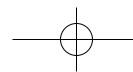
She's a university **professor**.

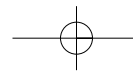
He went to an expensive **public school**.

What **qualifications** do you have?

Each sentence contains a **relative clause**.

"Who" and "which" are **relative pronouns**.





schooldays (n)	/'sku:ldeɪz/
secondary school (n)	/'sekəndrɪ 'sku:l/
size (n)	/saɪz/
thumb (n)	/θʌm/
undergraduate (n)	/ʌndə'grædʒu:ət/
crash down (phr v)	/kræʃ 'daʊn/
grow up (phr v)	/grəʊ 'ʌp/
specialise in (phr v)	/'speʃəlaɪz ɪn/
steal (v)	/sti:l/
translate (v)	/træns'leɪt/

scolarité
école secondaire
taille
pouce
étudiant de 1er ou 2ème cycle
s'effondrer
grandir
se spécialiser dans
voler
traduire

I have happy memories of my **schooldays**.
 A **secondary school** is for students aged 11-18.
 What shoe **size** do you take?
 Don't suck your **thumb**!
Undergraduates are students who are studying for a degree.
 The books **crashed down** on his head.
 I **grew up** in a large industrial town.
 The university **specialises in** technical subjects.
 A robber **steals** things.
 Can you **translate** the jokes?

Definition auction (p. 45)

auction (n)	/'ɔ:kʃn/
bib (n)	/bɪb/
bull (n)	/bʊl/
bully (n)	/'bʊli/
dummy (n)	/'dʌmi/
field (n)	/fi:ld/
midwife/-wives (n)	/'mɪdwaɪf/ -waɪvz/
mock exam (n)	/mɒk ɪg'zæm/
nappy (n)	/'næpi/
permission (n)	/pə'mɪʃn/
swot (n)	/swɒt/
truant (n)	/'tru:ənt/
stay away (phr v)	/steɪ ə'weɪ/
bid (v)	/bɪd/

vente aux enchères
bavoir
taureau
tyran
sucette, tétine
champ
sage-femme/les sages-femmes
examen blanc
couche
permission
bûcheuse
truand
manquer
offrir

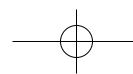
The items are for sale in an **auction**.
 Babies wear a **bib** when they eat.
 There was a big black **bull** in the field.
 Don't be such a **bully**!
 The baby had a **dummy** in its mouth.
 We saw sheep and cows in the **fields**.
 A **midwife** helps to deliver babies.
 When do your **mock exams** start?
 Babies have to wear **nappies**.
 He asked for **permission** to leave.
 She's a real **swot** – always studying.
 A **truant** stays away from school without permission.
 He **stayed away** from school for a week.
 How much did you **bid** for it?

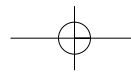
Language reference (p. 46)

that (pronoun)	/ðæt; ðət/
which (pronoun)	/wɪtʃ/
who (pronoun)	/hu:/
whom (pronoun)	/hu:m/

qui
qui
qui
que

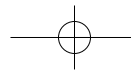
An iceberg is a block of ice **that** floats in the sea.
 An iceberg is a block of ice **which** floats in the sea.
 A judge is someone **who** works in a law court.
 That's the man **whom** I saw yesterday.

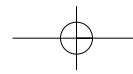




The Bicycle (p 47-48)

actual (adj)	/'æktʃʊəl/	réel	Find the actual words he uses.
best-known (adj)	/'bestnəʊn/	le plus connu	He's one of the best-known children's writers.
brave (adj)	/breɪv/	courageux	You've been very brave .
exaggerated (adj)	/ɪg'zædʒəreɪtɪd/	exagéré	He uses exaggerated language in his descriptions.
fabulous (adj)	/'fæbjələs/	fabuleux	What a fabulous idea!
glorious (adj)	/'glɔːrɪəs/	merveilleux	It was a glorious summer day.
graceful (adj)	/'grɛɪsfl/	gracieux	She looked so graceful .
jaunty (adj)	/'dʒɔːntɪ/	avec négligence	He wore his cap at a jaunty angle.
scarlet (adj)	/'skɑːlət/	écarlate	They wore scarlet school caps.
senior (adj)	/'siːniə(r)/	des classes supérieures	He's one of the senior boys.
successful (adj)	/sək'sesfl/	à succès	He's a successful children's writer.
swift (adj)	/swɪft/	rapide	She made a swift movement with her hand.
wonderful (adj)	/'wʌndəfl/	merveilleux	You look wonderful !
backwards (adv)	/'bækwədz/	à l'envers	He came down the hill pedalling backwards .
casually (adv)	/'kæʒʊəli/	nonchalamment	She waved casually as she went past.
clearly (adv)	/'klɪəli/	clairement	You must speak clearly .
quickly (adv)	/'kwɪkli/	vite	Come quickly !
suddenly (adv)	/'sʌdnli/	soudain	It suddenly started to rain!
bash (n)	/bæʃ/	coup	He received a bash on the head.
bicycle clips (n)	/'baɪsɪkl klɪps/	pince à vélo	He wore bicycle clips on his trousers.
bike (n)	/baɪk/	bicyclette	I'm getting a bike for Christmas .
cap (n)	/kæp /	casquette	The boys wore caps on their heads.
chest (n)	/tʃest/	poitrine	She folded her arms across his chest .
childhood (n)	/'tʃaɪldhʊd/	enfance	Did you have a happy childhood ?
doctor (n)	/'dɒktə(r)/	médecin	You train hard to be a doctor .
extract (n)	/'ɪk'strækt/	extrait	Read the following extract from his book.
fighter pilot (n)	/'faɪtə paɪlət/	pilote de chasse	He was a fighter pilot in the war.
handlebars (n)	/'hændlbaːz/	guidon	Keep your hands on the handlebars !
hope (n)	/həʊp/	espoir	My hope is to become successful.
longing (n)	/'lɒŋŋ/	grand désir	I had a longing is to have a bike like that.
memory (n)	/'meməri/	mémoire, souvenir	The author writes about childhood memories .
musician (n)	/'mjuːzɪʃn/	musicien	She's a talented musician .
shoulder (n)	/'ʃəʊldə(r)/	épaule	She fell and hurt her shoulder .
slope (n)	/sləʊp/	pente	We climbed up a steep slope .
term (n)	/tɜːm/	trimestre	When does term start?





trousers (n)	/'traʊzəz/
village green (n)	/vɪlɪdʒ 'ɡri:n/
wish (n)	/wɪʃ/
writer (n)	/'raɪtə(r)/
flash by (phr v)	/flæʃ baɪ/
back-pedal (v)	/'bækpedl/
fold (v)	/fəʊld/
last (v)	/lɑ:st/
pedal (v)	/'pedl/
stare (v)	/steə(r)/
tremble (v)	/'treɪbl/
whizz (v)	/wɪz/
at full speed	/ət fʊl 'spi:d/
bring sth alive	/brɪŋ ... ə'laɪv/
stop dead	/stɒp 'ded/
without hesitation	/wɪðaʊt hezɪ'teɪʃn/

pantalon
espace vert du village
souhait
écrivain
passer comme un éclair
pédaler à l'envers
plier
durer
pédaler
dévisager
trembler
dévaler
à toute allure
raviver
s'arrêter net
sans hésitation

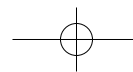
He wore a pair of grey **trousers**.
 We crossed the **village green**.
 What's your greatest **wish**?
 He's a well-known children's **writer**.
 He **flashed by** on his bicycle.
 He started **back-peddalling** quickly.
 She **folded** her arms across her chest.
 How long does the film **last**?
 She suddenly began **pedalling** backwards.
 It's rude to **stare**!
 We were **trembling** with fear.
 He went **whizzing** down the hill.
 They rode past **at full speed**.
 He uses exaggerated language to **bring the story alive**.
 He **stopped dead** when he saw her.
 She answered the question **without hesitation**.

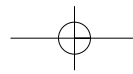
The Great Mouse Plot (p. 48)

church (n)	/tʃɜ:tʃ/
drawback (n)	/'drɔ:bæk/
drawing (n)	/'drɔ:ɪŋ/
drunk (n)	/drʌŋk/
horror (n)	/'hɒrə(r)/
illustration (n)	/ɪlə'streɪʃn/
sweet shop (n)	/'swi:t ʃɒp/
pick up (phr v)	/pɪk 'ʌp/
set out (phr v)	/set 'aʊt/
start out (phr v)	/stɑ:t 'aʊt/
hate (v)	/heɪt/
head (v)	/hed/
own (v)	/əʊn/
pass (v)	/pɑ:s/
walk (v)	/wɔ:k/
along the way	/ə'lɒŋ ðə weɪ/

église
inconvenient
dessin
ivrogne
horreur
illustration
magasin de bonbons
passer prendre
se diriger
partir
haïr
prendre la direction
être propriétaire de
passer devant
aller à pied
en cours de route

Do you go to **church**?
 There's just one **drawback**.
 Look carefully at the **drawings**.
 A **drunk** stood at the bar.
 The owner of the shop was a **horror**!
 The book has some lovely **illustrations**.
 We always passed the **sweet shop**.
 I used to **pick up** some friends along the way.
 They **set out** across the village green.
 I would **start out** alone.
 We **hated** her.
 They **headed** for home.
 She **owned** the sweet shop.
 They always **passed** the sweet shop.
 I usually **walk** to school.
 He picked up his friends **along the way**.





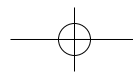
Language reference (p. 49)

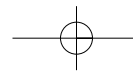
used to	/'ju:st tə/	avoir l'habitude	He used to play football after school with his friends.
would	/wʊd/	avoir coutume de	He would play football after school with his friends.

Unit 6

News/paparazzi (p. 50-52)

compromising (adj)	/'kɒmprəmaɪzɪŋ/	compromettant	They take photos of people in compromising poses.
enormous (adj)	/'nɔ:məs/	énorme	The photos cost an enormous amount of money.
ever-growing (adj)	/evə'grəʊɪŋ/	toujours croissant	Invasion of privacy is an ever-growing problem.
huge (adj)	/hju:dʒ/	gigantesque	They used a huge telephoto lens.
modern-day (adj)	/mɒdn'deɪ/	de nos jours	Modern-day photographers are very aggressive.
obvious (adj)	/'ɒbvɪəs/	évident	It was obvious her privacy had been invaded.
unacceptable (adj)	/ʌnək'septəbl/	inacceptable	Their behaviour is unacceptable .
unflattering (adj)	/ʌn'flætərɪŋ/	peu flattant	They take photos of people in unflattering poses.
tearfully (adv)	/'tiəfəli/	en pleurant	She tearfully asked them to leave her alone.
assault (n)	/ə'sɔlt/	agression	They charged him with assault .
black eye (n)	/blæk 'aɪ/	œil au beurre noir	He gave the reporter a black eye .
breed (n)	/'bri:d/	race	Paparazzi are an aggressive breed of photographer.
celebrity (n)	/sə'lebrətɪ/	célébrité	Madonna is an international celebrity .
character (n)	/'kærəktə(r)/	personnage	He was the main character in a Fellini film.
concern (n)	/'kɒn'sɜ:n/	inquiétude	Write to us about your concerns .
connection (n)	/'kɒ'nekʃn/	rapport	Find the connections between these things.
gossip (n)	/'gɒsɪp/	potins	Are you interested in celebrity gossip ?
lens (n)	/'lenz/	objectif	The photo was taken using a huge lens .
news (n)	/'nju:z/	informations	Do you watch the news on TV?
politician (n)	/'pɒlə'tɪʃn/	politicien	Do you read about the private lives of politicians ?
the press (n)	/ðə 'pres/	la presse	The press published details of the scandal.
public property (n)	/'pʌblɪk 'prɒpərtɪ/	propriété publique	Do you believe celebrities are public property ?
royalty (n)	/'rɔɪəltɪ/	royauté	A lot of people like reading about royalty .
scandal (n)	/'skændl/	scandale	Newspapers love publishing scandal .
scooter (n)	/'sku:tə(r)/	scooter	Photographers followed her riding scooters .
show business (n)	/'ʃəʊ bɪznɪs/	show business	They photograph show business celebrities.
sum (n)	/'sʌm/	somme	Newspapers pay huge sums of money for these photos.
tabloid press (n)	/'tæblɔɪd 'pres/	presse populaire	The tabloid press specialises in scandal.
term (n)	/'tɜ:m/	terme	The term "paparazzi" comes from an Italian film.

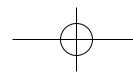


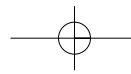


tunnel (n)	/'tʌnl/
web-page (n)	/'webpeɪdʒ/
drive away (phr v)	/draɪv ə'weɪ/
spy on (phr v)	/'spaɪ ɒn/
strap sb in (phr v)	/stræp ... 'ɪn/
outside (prep)	/aʊt'saɪd/
acquit (v)	/ə'kwɪt/
air (v)	/eə(r)/
arrest (v)	/ə'rest/
ban (v)	/bæn/
beg (v)	/beg/
charge (v)	/tʃɑ:dʒ/
chase (v)	/tʃeɪs/
click (v)	/klɪk/
film (v)	/fɪlm/
harass (v)	/'hærəs/
hide (v)	/haɪd/
print (v)	/prɪnt/
promote (v)	/prə'məʊt/
provoke (v)	/prə'vəʊk/
pursue (v)	/pə'sju:/
recognise (v)	/'rekəɡnaɪz/
shout (v)	/ʃaʊt/
splash (v)	/splæʃ/
close to	/'kləʊs tə/
follow one's example	/fɒləʊ wʌnz ɪɡ'zɑ:mpəl/
get one's revenge	/get wʌnz rɪ'vendʒ/
go out of one's way	/gəʊ aʊt əv wʌnz 'weɪ/
invasion of privacy	/ɪn'veɪʒn əv 'prɪvəsi/
leave sb alone	/li:v ... ə'ləʊn/
out of control	/aʊt əv kən'trəʊl/
up to a point	/ʌp tu: ə 'pɔɪnt/
voice one's opinion	/vɔɪs wʌnz ə'pɪnɪən/

tunnel	
page web	
partir en voiture	
espionner	
attacher quelqu'un	
en dehors de	
acquitter	
faire part de	
arrêter	
suspendre	
supplier	
inculper	
poursuivre	
cliquer	
filmer	
harasser	
se cacher	
imprimer	
promouvoir	
provoquer	
poursuivre	
reconnaître	
crier	
étaler	
près de	
suivre l'exemple de quelqu'un	
prendre sa revanche	
faire de son mieux	
invasion de la vie privée	
laisser quelqu'un tranquille	
déchaînés	
jusqu'à un certain point	
faire part de son opinion	

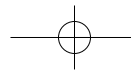
She was killed in a **tunnel** in Paris.
 Read the **web-page** carefully.
 She **drove away** at high speed.
 Stop **spying on** me!
 They didn't give her time to **strap** the baby **in**.
 Photographers waited **outside** her hotel.
 Baldwin was **acquitted** of the charges.
 Write to us and **air** your views.
 Police **arrested** her.
 Should tabloid newspapers and magazines be **banned**?
 She **begged** them to leave her alone.
 He was **charged** with assault.
 They **chased** her through a tunnel in Paris.
Click on the red button to vote.
 They **filmed** Crawford in her bathroom.
 We were **harassed** by paparazzi.
 Photographers **hid** in his garden.
 Some newspapers refused to **print** the photo.
 She was in Rome **promoting** her film.
 Celebrities are constantly **provoked**.
 They **pursued** him at high speed.
 We must all **recognise** what is happening.
 "Hi" she **shouted**.
 The picture was **splashed** over the front page.
 The photo was sold for **close to** a million dollars.
 Other papers must **follow their example**.
 He soon **got his revenge** on photographers.
 They **go out of their way** to provoke people.
 This **invasion of privacy** must stop.
Leave me alone!
 The paparazzi are **out of control**.
 I agree **up to a point**.
 Click on the button to **voice your opinion**.

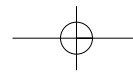




News in Brief/The passive voice (p. 53-54)

rocky (adj)	/'rɒki/	rocheux	He fell into a rocky ravine.
unlucky (adj)	/ʌn'lʌki/	malchanceux	You've been very unlucky .
still (adv)	/sti:l/	toujours	Is he still on the wanted list?
break down (phr v)	/breɪk 'daʊn/	s'effondrer	He broke down and cried.
let sb down (phr v)	/let ... 'daʊn/	décevoir quelqu'un	They let me down several times.
turn round (phr v)	/tɜ:n 'raʊnd/	se retourner	She turned round to see who it was.
agent (n)	/'eɪdʒənt/	agent	The agent of a verb is the person or thing that performs the action.
ambulance (n)	/'æmbjʊləns/	ambulance	You better call for an ambulance .
attacker (n)	/ə'tækə(r)/	attaquant	The attackers ran off.
burglar (n)	/'bɜ:glə(r)/	cambricoleur	Burglars stole £20,000 worth of goods.
camper (n)	/'kæmpə(r)/	campeur	Campers put their tents up in the fields.
customs (n)	/'kʌstəmz/	douane	Have you ever been searched by customs ?
demonstrator (n)	/demən'streɪtə(r)/	manifestant	Five demonstrators were arrested.
drama (n)	/'drɑ:mə/	drame	The drama happened when a man tried to jump from the plane.
fall (n)	/fɔ:l/	chute	He was injured after a 200-metre fall .
fugitive (n)	/'fju:dʒətɪv/	fugitif	Sanders is a fugitive who escaped from jail in 1975.
jail (n)	/dʒeɪl/	prison	She was sentenced to six months in jail .
passive (n)	/'pæsɪv/	passif	Put the following sentences into the passive .
present (n)	/'prez ənt/	cadeau	I got some lovely birthday presents .
ravine (n)	/rə'vi:n/	ravin	He fell into a rocky ravine .
speeding (n)	/'spi:dn̩/	excès de vitesse	She was stopped for speeding .
theft (n)	/θeft/	vol	There was a theft from a police station.
TV set (n)	/ti:'vi: set/	poste de télévision	Thieves stole a TV set .
wanted list (n)	/'wɒntɪd lɪst/	liste des personnes recherchées	Is he still on the wanted list ?
claim (v)	/kleɪm/	prétendre	He claimed that 7 was his unlucky number!
edit (v)	/'edit/	éditer	Try to edit these newspaper stories.
face (v)	/feɪs/	faire face	He turned round to face the attackers.
handcuff (v)	/'hændkʌf/	passer les menottes	Police officers handcuffed her.
heat (v)	/hi:t/	chauffer	Heat the acid to 100°.
mistake (v)	/mɪ'steɪk/	confondre	Sorry, I mistook you for someone else.
question (v)	/'kwestʃən/	questionner	Police are questioning the man.
rescue (v)	/'reskjʊ:/	sauver	Climbers had to be rescued from the mountain.
ring (v)	/rɪŋ/	téléphoner à	Ring the police!
search (v)	/sɜ:tʃ/	fouiller	Customs officers searched the car.
sentence (v)	/'sentəns/	condamner	The judge sentenced him to 8 years in jail.





sob (v)	/sɒb/
stab (v)	/stæb/
disturb the peace	/dɪstɜːb ðə 'piːs/
find sb guilty	/faɪnd ... 'ɡɪltɪ/
take pity on sb	/teɪk 'pɪtɪ ɒn .../

sangloter
poignarder
atteinte à l'ordre public
juger quelqu'un coupable
prendre quelqu'un en pitié

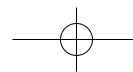
He suddenly started **sobbing**.
 She was **stabbed** in the back.
 Demonstrators were charged with **disturbing the peace**.
 The judge **found him guilty**.
 We **took pity on her** and invited her in.

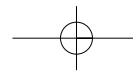
Headline news (p. 54-55)

extra (adj)	/'ekstrə /
freak (adj)	/fri:k/
mysterious (adj)	/mɪ'stɪəriəs/
severe (adj)	/sɪ'viə(r)/
announcement (n)	/ə'naʊnsmənt/
disappearance (n)	/dɪsə'piərəns/
drought (n)	/draʊt/
engagement ring (n)	/ɪn'geɪdʒmənt rɪŋ/
harvest (n)	/'hɑːvɪst/
headline (n)	/'hedlɪn/
lottery (n)	/'lɒtəri/
news item (n)	/'njuːz aɪtəm/
nose ring (n)	/'nəʊz rɪŋ/
octogenarian (n)	/ɒktədʒə'neəriən/
peace talks (n)	/'piːs tɔːks/
probe (n)	/prəʊb/
row (n)	/raʊ/
spokesman (n)	/'spəʊksmən/
storm (n)	/stɔːm/
show off (phr v)	/ʃəʊ 'ɒf/
announce (v)	/ə'naʊns/
bar (v)	/bɑː(r)/
hit (v)	/hɪt/
quit (v)	/kwɪt/
soar (v)	/sɔː(r)/
split (v)	/splɪt/
wed (v)	/wed/
be based on	/bi 'beɪst ɒn/

supplémentaire
exceptionnel
mystérieux
sévère
annonce
disparition
période de sécheresse
bague de fiançailles
récolte
gros titre
loterie
article
anneau dans le nez
octogénaire
pourparlers pour la paix
enquête
dispute
porte-parole
tempête
parader
annoncer
suspendre
frapper
démissionner
monter en flèche
se séparer
se marier
basé sur

Invent any **extra** information you need.
 A **freak** storm destroyed the crops.
 Police are investigating the **mysterious** disappearance of a large sum of money.
 There has been a **severe** drought in Africa.
 When will he make the **announcement**?
 The child's parents are worried about his sudden **disappearance**.
 Severe **droughts** have destroyed the crops.
 She was wearing an **engagement ring**.
 The **harvest** has been ruined..
 Read the following newspaper **headlines**.
 He won £16 million on the **lottery**.
 What are the **news items** about?
 She was banned from school for wearing a **nose ring**.
 An **octogenarian** is between 80 and 89 years old.
Peace talks end in failure.
 Minister quits in missing cash **probe**.
 She had a **row** with her boyfriend.
 A **spokesman** for the minister said he was not available.
 The **storm** destroyed thousands of homes.
 She **showed off** her engagement ring.
 She **announced** that she was leaving.
 She was **barred** from school.
 Storms **hit** harvest.
 England team coach **quits**!
 Job figures **soar**.
 Hollywood couple to **split**.
 Octogenarian to **wed**.
 Write a broadcast **based on** these headlines.





not available for comment
on a happier note

/nɒt ə'veɪləbl fə 'kɒment/
/ɒn ə 'hæpiə nəʊt/

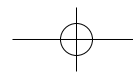
pas disponible pour répondre
sur une note plus gaie

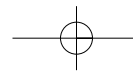
The minister was **not available for comment**.
On a happier note, the couple have announced
their engagement.

Personal news/A letter from Berlin (p. 56-57)

embarrassing (adj)	/ɪm'bærəsɪŋ/	embarrassant
fed up (adj)	/fed 'ʌp/	dégoûté
gorgeous (adj)	/'gɔ:dʒəs/	fabuleux
lovely (adj)	/'lʌvli/	joli
pleased (adj)	/pli:zd/	content
actually (adv)	/'æktʃʊəli/	en fait
anyway (adv)	/'eniweɪ/	de toute façon
apparently (adv)	/ə'pærəntli/	apparemment
recently (adv)	/'ri:səntli/	récemment
gap (n)	/gæp/	espace
promotion (n)	/prə'məʊʃn/	promotion
wedding anniversary (n)	/'wedɪŋ ænɪ'vɜ:səri/	anniversaire de mariage
break down (phr v)	/breɪk 'daʊn/	tomber en panne
call off (phr v)	/kɔ:l 'ɒf/	annuler
deal with (phr v)	/'di:l wɪð/	traiter de
hear from (phr v)	/'hɪə frəm/	avoir des nouvelles
look after (phr v)	/lʊk 'ɑ:ftə/	s'occuper de
look forward to (phr v)	/lʊk 'fɔ:wəd tə/	être impatient de
split up (phr v)	/splɪt 'ʌp/	se séparer
apply (v)	/ə'plai/	postuler
cancel (v)	/'kænsəl/	annuler
celebrate (v)	/'seləbreɪt/	célébrer
deserve (v)	/dɪ'zɜ:v/	mériter
fail (v)	/feɪl/	échouer
limp (v)	/lɪmp/	boiter
resit (v)	/'ri:sɪt/	repasser
apart from that	/ə'pɑ:t frəm 'ðæt/	à part cela
by the way	/baɪ ðə 'weɪ/	au fait,
Congratulations!	/kɒŋgrætʃə'leɪʃnz/	Félicitations!
Excellent!	/'eksələnt/	excellent
Guess what!	/ges 'wɒt/	devinez!

How **embarrassing!**
What's the matter? You look really **fed up**.
He gave her a **gorgeous** engagement ring.
That's a **lovely** watch!
I'm **pleased** you're feeling better.
Actually, it's my birthday.
Anyway, I must go.
Apparently, Giorgio's gone back to Italy.
I haven't seen you **recently**.
Fill in the **gap** with a word or expression.
Congratulations on your **promotion!**
I forgot our **wedding anniversary**.
My car's **broken down** again.
They've **called off** the wedding.
I have to **deal with** a lot of problems.
It was great to **hear from** you!
I've been **looking after** my mother.
Are you **looking forward** to the holidays?
My boyfriend and I have **split up**.
I **applied** for the job and got it.
We've **cancelled** the wedding.
Let's **celebrate** with a glass of champagne!
You **deserve** your promotion.
I've **failed** my exams.
Why are you **limping**?
When do you **resit** the exams?
Apart from that, everything's fine.
By the way, have you heard the news?
Congratulations! You've won.
"I managed to book a table." "**Excellent!**"
Guess what! I've passed my driving test.





had better	/həd 'betə/
Hi!	/haɪ/
I'm sorry to hear that.	/aɪm 'sɒri tə hiə ðæt/
loads of ...	/'ləʊdz əv/
Lots of love	/lɒts əv 'lʌv/
Lucky you!	/lʌki 'ju:/
not too bad	/nɒt tu: 'bæd/
Oh, no!	/əʊ 'nəʊ/
pleased with oneself	/pli:zd wɪð wʌnz'self/
See you!	/'si: ju:/
That's terrible!	/ðæts 'terəbl/
Well done!	/wel 'dʌn/
What's the matter?	/wɒts ðə 'mætə(r)/
You idiot!	/ju: 'ɪdiət/

il vaut mieux
salut!
Je suis désolé d'apprendre cela.
des tas de ...
Bisous
Vous avez du pot!
pas trop mal
Oh, mince!
satisfait de vous-même
à bientôt!
C'est affreux !
Félicitations !
Qu'est-ce qui se passe ?
Imbécile !

I'd better phone for a taxi.
Hi , Steve. How are you?
"My father's not well." " I'm sorry to hear that. "
I've learnt loads of new things.
Lots of love , Pia.
"I've just won £100." " Lucky you! "
"How are you?" "Oh, not too bad. "
Oh, no! I've left my umbrella on the bus.
Why are you looking so pleased with yourself?
"Bye!" " See you! "
"She fell and broke her leg." " That's terrible. "
"I passed my driving test." " Well done! "
" What's the matter? " "I've lost my purse."
"I've left my umbrella on the bus." " You idiot! "

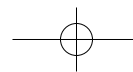
Unit 7

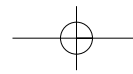
(Party/Phrasal verbs p. 58-59)

all-night (adj)	/ɔ:l'naɪt/
busy (adj)	/'bɪzi/
dark (adj)	/dɑ:k/
huge (adj)	/hju:dʒ/
life-like (adj)	/'laɪflaɪk/
neighbouring (adj)	/'neɪbərɪŋ/
noisy (adj)	/'nɔɪzi/
previous (adj)	/'pri:vɪəs/
serious (adj)	/'sɪəriəs/
sleepy (adj)	/'sli:pi/
unpopular (adj)	/ʌn'pɒpjələ(r)/
whole (adj)	/həʊl/
enthusiastically (adv)	/ɪnθju:zɪ'æstɪklɪ/
nowadays (adv)	/'naʊədeɪz/
seriously (adv)	/'sɪəriəsli/
alarm clock (n)	/ə'la:m klɒk/
anticipation (n)	/æntɪsɪ'peɪʃn/
aspect (n)	/'æspekt/

ouvert toute la nuit
occupé
noir, sombre
énorme
très ressemblant
voisin
bruyant
précédent
sérieux
endormi
impopulaire
tout, entier
avec enthousiasme
de nos jours
sérieusement
réveil - matin
anticipation
aspect

They met in an all-night café.
I'm very busy at the moment.
They lit candles during the dark evenings.
We heard the sound of a huge explosion.
They used to make life-like statues.
People from neighbouring communities came.
The party was very noisy .
They spend the previous year organising the festival.
It's time for some serious celebrating!
Valencia by day is sleepier than Valencia by night.
They made statues of unpopular local characters.
The moon lit up the whole bay.
People celebrate enthusiastically .
Life is more stressful nowadays .
We take the festival very seriously .
Set the alarm clock for 8.00.
There's a feeling of anticipation everywhere.
The statues represent different aspects of Spanish society





bay (n)	/beɪ/	baie
bedtime (n)	/'bedtaɪm/	heure d'aller se coucher
brass band (n)	/brɑ:s 'bænd/	fanfare
briefcase (n)	/'bri:fkɛs/	porte-documents
candle (n)	/'kændl/	bougie
cardboard (n)	/'kɑ:dbɔ:d/	carton
celebrating (n)	/selə'breɪtɪŋ/	fête
character (n)	/'kærəktə(r)/	célébrité
community (n)	/kəm'ju:nəti/	communauté
craftsman/-men	/'krɑ:ftsmən/-mən/	artisan/artisans
dress (n)	/dres/	costume
festival (n)	/'festəvl/	festival
firecracker (n)	/'faɪəkrækə(r)/	pétard
fireworks (n)	/'faɪəwɜ:ks/	feu d'artifice
full moon (n)	/fʊl 'mu:n/	pleine lune
fund-raising (n)	/'ʌndreɪzɪŋ/	collecte de fonds
guest (n)	/gest/	invité
outskirts (n)	/'aʊtskɜ:ts/	faubourg
party (n)	/'pɑ:ti/	soirée
preparations (n)	/'prepə'reɪfɪnz/	préparation
public holiday (n)	/'pʌblɪk 'hɒlədeɪ/	jour férié
reveller (n)	/'revələ(r)/	fêtard
security guard (n)	/'sɪk'juərətɪ gɑ:d/	garde de sécurité
shower (n)	/'ʃaʊə(r)/	succession
sleep (n)	/sli:p/	sommeil
society (n)	/sə'saɪəti/	société
vibe (n)	/'vaɪb/	atmosphère
waste material (n)	/'weɪst mə'tɪəriəl/	déchet
winter (n)	/'wɪntə(r)/	hiver
burn down (phr v)	/'bɜ:n 'daʊn/	brûler
bring together (phr v)	/'brɪŋ tə'geðə(r)/	rapprocher
dress up (phr v)	/'dres 'ʌp/	déguiser
get down to (phr v)	/'get 'daʊn tə/	s'adonner
go off (phr v)	/'gəʊ 'ɒf/	partir
go on (phr v)	/'gəʊ 'ɒn/	continuer (Sense 1)
		se passer (Sense 2)

The moon lit up the whole **bay**.

Come on! It's **bedtime**.

Brass bands play in the streets.

He left the **briefcase** in the house.

Candles were burning inside the house.

The statues are made of **cardboard**.

It's time for some serious **celebrating**!

They made statues of local **characters**.

People from different communities came to the festival.

Craftsmen lit candles while they worked.

The children wear traditional **dress**.

The **festival** is called "Las Fallas".

Firecrackers exploded all around us.

We stood and watched the **fireworks**.

There was a **full moon** in the sky.

We do a lot of **fund-raising**.

All the **guests** enjoyed themselves.

I live on the **outskirts** of Valencia.

Enjoy the **party**!

The **preparations** take a long time.

19th March is a **public holiday**.

The streets are full of **revellers**.

A **security guard** stood at the door.

At midnight there was a **shower** of explosions.

I only had one hour's **sleep**!

The statues represent different aspects of Spanish **society**.

There's a festive **vibe** in the city.

They burnt all their **waste material**.

The festival takes place at the end of **winter**.

Half the town **burnt down**.

The ceremony **brought together** people from different communities.

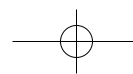
They **dressed** the statues **up** to look like famous local characters.

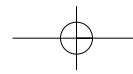
At night people **get down to** some serious celebrating.

Fireworks were **going off** everywhere.

How long does the festival **go on**?

What's **going on**?

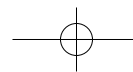


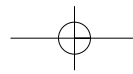


hang over (phr v)	/hæŋ 'əʊvə(r)/	être suspendu
join in (phr v)	/dʒɔɪn 'ɪn/	se joindre à
light up (phr v)	/laɪt 'ʌp/	illuminer
rise up (phr v)	/raɪz 'ʌp/	s'élever de
see off (phr v)	/si: 'ɒf/	dire au revoir
sit around (phr v)	/sɪt ə'raʊnd/	traîner
wake up (phr v)	/weɪk 'ʌp/	réveiller
enjoy oneself (reflexive verb)	/ɪn'dʒɔɪ wʌnzself/	s'amuser bien
approach (v)	/ə'prəʊtʃ/	approcher
bribe (v)	/braɪb/	soudoyer
burn (v)	/bɜ:n/	brûler
buzz (v)	/bʌz/	vibrer
end (v)	/end/	se terminer
explode (v)	/ɪk'spləʊd/	exploser
fit (v)	/fɪt/	être adapté à
grin (v)	/grɪn/	sourire
march (v)	/mɑ:tʃ/	marcher
mourn (v)	/mɔ:n/	pleurer
parade (v)	/pə'reɪd/	parader
party (v)	/'pɑ:tɪ/	faire la fête
waste (v)	/weɪst/	perdre temps
after all	/ɑ:ftər 'ɔ:l/	après tout
every second/minute/week	/evrɪ 'sekənd/ 'mɪnɪt/'wi:k/	chaque seconde/minute/semaine ou deux
get back to sleep	/get bæk tə 'sli:p/	se rendormir
get organised	/get 'ɔ:gənəɪzd/	se préparer
go up in flames	/gəʊ ʌp ɪn 'fleɪmz/	s'enflammer
it takes ...	/ɪt 'teɪks/	cela prend..
... or anything	/ɔ:r 'enɪθɪŋ/	... ni quoi que ce soit.
reach its climax	/ri:tʃ ɪts 'klaɪmæks/	atteindre son paroxysme
way past	/'weɪ pɑ:st/	bien au-delà

A feeling of anticipation **hangs over** the city.
Everybody **joins in** the preparations.
They used candles to **light up** the dark evenings.
A feeling of anticipation **rises up** from the streets.
We'll come to the airport to **see you off**.
Don't **sit around** – join in!
The sound of fireworks **woke me up**.
Enjoy yourself at the party!
People got excited as midnight **approached**.
They **bribed** a security guard.
They **burnt** all their waste material.
The city was **buzzing** with excitement.
How does the festival **end**?
Fireworks **exploded** everywhere.
Change the verb tenses to make them **fit** the sentences.
*José **grinned** at me.*
Girls and boys **march** into the centre of town.
We don't have time to **mourn** the end of the festival.
Bands **paraded** beneath my window.
Let's **party**!
Stop **wasting** time!
After all, they're too busy planning the next festival.
Firecrackers go off **every second or two**.

I couldn't **get back to sleep**.
It takes a whole year to **get organised**.
The statues **go up in flames**.
It takes a whole year to get organised.
You don't need to dress up **or anything**.
The festival **reaches its climax** on 19th March.
It's **way past** your bedtime!



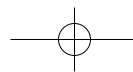


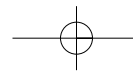
Close up/Invitations (p. 60-61)

disappointed (adj)	/dɪsə'pɔɪntɪd/	déçu	She sounded really disappointed .
free (adj)	/fri:/	libre	Are you free tomorrow evening?
miserable (adj)	/'mɪzrəbl/	triste	You look miserable . What's the matter?
coldly (adv)	/'kəʊldli/	froidement	"Hello David," she said coldly .
agenda (n)	/ə'dʒendə/	ordre du jour	What's on the agenda for the meeting?
conference (n)	/'kɒnfərəns/	conférence	Are you going to the conference ?
excuse (n)	/ɪk'skjuz/	excuse	What excuse does he give for refusing the invitation?
service (n)	/'sɜ:vɪs/	révision d'entretien	The car needs a service .
strike (n)	/straɪk/	grève	There's a taxi strike at the moment.
structure (n)	/'strʌktʃə(r)/	structure	Find 3 different structures that refer to the future.
call out (phr v)	/kɔ:l 'aʊt/	crier	She called out to Zoe, "I'm going to the cinema".
hold on (phr v)	/həʊld 'ɒn/	attendre	Hold on a minute please.
meet up (phr v)	/mi:t 'ʌp/	se rencontrer	When shall we meet up ?
put down (phr v)	/pʌt 'daʊn/	déposer	She put the phone down and called out to Zoe.
apologise (v)	/ə'pɒlədʒaɪz/	s'excuser	Did he apologise to you?
call (v)	/kɔ:l/	appeler	I'll call you tomorrow.
whisper (v)	/'wɪspə(r)/	murmurer	"It's David," she whispered .
be getting long	/bi ɡetɪŋ 'lɒŋ/	devenir long	Your hair's getting long !
be going to	/bi 'ɡəʊɪŋ tə/	aller	I'm going to travel for a year.
change one's mind	/tʃeɪndʒ wʌnz 'maɪnd/	changer d'avis	Have you changed your mind ?
get lost	/ɡet 'lɒst/	aller se faire voir	Tell him to get lost !
I'll believe it when I see it!	/aɪl bɪli:v ɪt wen aɪ 'si: ɪt/	Je le croirai quand je le verrai !	"She says she's going to end the relationship." " I'll believe it when I see it! "
It doesn't matter	/ɪt dʌznt 'mætə(r)/	Cela n'a pas d'importance	Sorry I didn't phone you." " It doesn't matter. "
make excuses	/meɪk ɪk'skjuzɪz/	chercher des prétextes	Stop making excuses !
That's a good point	/ðætʃ ə ɡʊd 'pɔɪnt/	Bonne question !	"Do people know we've changed the time of the meeting?" " That's a good point. "

Parties (p. 62-64)

scary (adj)	/'skeəri/	effrayant	The thought of going alone was scary .
although (conjunction)	/ɔ:l'ðəʊ/	bien que	Although she didn't know anyone she decided to go anyway.
disaster (n)	/dɪ'zɑ:stə(r)/	désastre	The party was a disaster !
engagement (n)	/ɪn'ɡeɪdʒmənt/	obligation	She had a previous engagement and couldn't go.
fancy dress party (n)	/fænsɪ 'dres pɑ:ti/	bal costumé	What are you wearing for the fancy dress party ?





gift (n)	/gift/	cadeau
Halloween party (n)	/hæləʊ'wi:n/	fête de Halloween
hit (n)	/hit/	hit
host/hostess (n)	/həʊst; 'həʊstes/	hôte / hôtesse
housewarming party (n)	/'haʊswɔ:mɪŋ 'pɑ:ti/	pendaison de crémaillère
ingredient (n)	/'ɪn'grɪ:diənt/	ingrédient
leaving party (n)	/'li:vɪŋ 'pɑ:ti/	dîner d'adieu
lyrics (n)	/'lɪrɪks/	paroles
motto (n)	/'mɒtəʊ/	devise
number one hit (n)	/'nʌmbə wʌn 'hit/	numéro un
party animal (n)	/'pɑ:ti 'æni:məl/	noceur
party pooper (n)	/'pɑ:ti 'pu:pə(r)/	rabat-joie
privacy (n)	/'prɪvəsi/	intimité
score (n)	/'skɔ:(r)/	score
single (n)	/'sɪŋɡl/	45 tours
special occasion (n)	/'speʃl ə'keɪʒn/	événement spécial
stranger (n)	/'streɪndʒə(r)/	étranger
surprise party (n)	/'sʌ'praɪz 'pɑ:ti/	boum
verse (n)	/'vɜ:s/	couplet
blow out (phr v)	/'bləʊ 'aʊt/	souffler
cross out (phr v)	/'krɒs 'aʊt/	barrer
end up (phr v)	/'end 'ʌp/	finir par
from memory	/'frəm 'meməri/	de mémoire
get an early night	/'get ən ɜ:lɪ 'naɪt/	se coucher tôt
have a good time	/'hæv ə ɡʊd 'naɪt/	bien s'amuser
make sure (that)	/'meɪk 'ʃʊə ðət/	veiller à
send your apologies	/'send jə ə'pɒlədʒɪz/	envoyer ses excuses
You only live once!	/'ju: əʊnlɪ lɪv 'wʌns/	On ne vit qu'une fois!

We ought to take a **gift** for the host.

Are **Halloween parties** common in your country?

She recorded several **hits**.

Are you taking a gift for the **host/hostess**?

Come to our **housewarming party**!

What are the **ingredients** of a good party?

Rachel's invited me to her **leaving party**.

Who wrote the **lyrics** of the song?

My **motto** in life is "you only live once".

"It's my party" was a **number one hit**.

I love parties – I'm a real **party animal**!

He doesn't like parties – he's a bit of a **party pooper**!

Some people prefer celebrating in the **privacy** of their own home.

Compare your **score** with a partner.

Have you heard their latest **single**?

How do you celebrate **special occasions**?

I'm not very good at talking to **strangers**.

Have you ever organised a **surprise party**?

The song has 3 **verses**.

Blow out your candles!

Find the extra word and **cross it out**.

De mémoire I **ended up** talking to Peter.

Try to complete the sentences **from memory**.

I must **get an early night**.

Have a good time at the party!

Make sure everything is ready.

Mark **sends his apologies** and says he can't come.

Come to the party. **You only live once!**

Special occasions (p. 65-66)

maybe (adv)	/'meɪbɪ/	peut-être
though (adv)	/'ðəʊ/	cependant
greetings card (n)	/'grɪ:tɪŋgz/	carte de vœux
looks (n)	/'lʊks/	apparence
recipe (n)	/'resəpi/	recette
All the best	/'ɔ:l ðə 'best/	Meilleurs vœux

Maybe I'll see you soon.

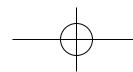
I'd love to come another time, **though**.

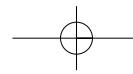
People often send **greetings cards** on special occasions.

She was admired for her **looks**.

Have you got that Christmas cake **recipe**?

All the best for your exams.





be up to one's eyes (in sth)	/bi: ʌp tə wʌnz 'aɪz/
big day	/bɪɡ 'deɪ/
drop sb a line	/drɒp ... ə 'laɪn/
for ages	/fər 'eɪdʒɪz/
Get well soon	/ɡet wel 'su:n/
give my love to ..	/ɡɪv maɪ 'lʌv tə/
let sb have	/let ... 'hæv/
let sb know	/let ... 'nəʊ/
Many happy returns!	/meni hæpi rɪ'tɜ:nz/
not be able to make it	/nɒt eɪbl tə 'meɪk ɪt/
short notice	/ʃɔ:t 'nəʊtɪs/
wish sb luck	/wɪʃ ... 'lʌk/
you're only as old as you feel!	/jɔ:r əʊnlɪ əz 'əʊld əz jə 'fi:l/

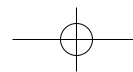
en avoir par-dessus la tête
grand jour
écrire un mot à quelqu'un
depuis longtemps
Prompt rétablissement!
transmettre ses amitiés à
passer à quelqu'un
faire savoir quelque chose
à quelqu'un
Bon anniversaire !
ne pas pouvoir venir
si tard
souhaiter bonne chance à quelqu'un
on a l'âge de ses artères !

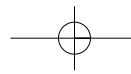
She's up to her eyes in work.
When's the big day ?
Drop me a line and tell me your news.
They haven't seen each other for ages .
Sorry you've not been well. Get well soon! Give my love to ..
Give my love to Uncle Ken.
Don't forget to let me have that recipe.
Let me know if you want to come.
"It's my birthday today" " Many happy returns! "
Thanks for inviting me; I'm sorry I won't be able to make it .
Sorry to invite you at such short notice .
Wish me luck for my exams!
"I'm 40 tomorrow." "Don't worry, you're only as old as you feel! "

Unit 8 (Review)

captivated (adj)	/'kæptɪveɪtɪd/	captivé
captivating (adj)	/'kæptɪveɪtɪŋ/	captivant
colourful (adj)	/'kʌləfʊl/	pittoresque
dull (adj)	/dʌl/	morne
exasperated (adj)	/ɪɡ'zæspəreɪtɪd/	exaspéré
exasperating (adj)	/ɪɡ'zæspəreɪtɪŋ/	exaspérant
homesick (adj)	/'həʊmsɪk/	s'ennuyer de sa famille
palm-fringed (adj)	/'pɑ:mfrɪndʒd/	bordé de palmiers
fact (n)	/fækt/	fait
petrol (n)	/'petrəl/	essence
sliced bread (n)	/slaɪst 'bred/	pain en tranches
stroll (n)	/strəʊl/	promenade
call for (phr v)	/'kɔ:l fɔ:/	venir chercher
Whereabouts ...? (question word)	/weəə'baʊts/	dans quel endroit...
fancy (v)	/'fænsɪ/	avoir envie
provide (v)	/prə'vaɪd/	offrir
rearrange (v)	/'ri:ə'reɪndʒ/	réarranger
an assault on the senses	/ən əsəʊlt ɒn ðə 'sensɪz/	agression sensorielle

We were captivated by the beautiful scenery.
India is a captivating country.
It's a very colourful place.
The holiday certainly wasn't dull .
She felt totally exasperated .
Children can be exasperating at times.
I felt a bit homesick at first.
Visit the palm-fringed beaches of Goa!
Rearrange the information to make 10 facts .
How much is a litre of petrol ?
Do you like sliced bread ?
Let's go for a stroll .
We'll call for you at about six o'clock.
Whereabouts do you live?
Do you fancy going out?
India's diversity provides something for everyone.
Rearrange the words to make sentences.
A visit to India is an assault on the senses .





at times	/ət 'taɪmz/	parfois
be dwarfed by	/bɪ 'dwɔ:ft baɪ/	être dominé par
be home to	/bɪ 'həʊm tə/	être la demeure de
capture the imagination	/kæptʃə ði: ɪmædʒɪ'neɪʃn/	captiver l'imagination
How often ...?	/haʊ 'ɒfn/	Combien de fois ...?
round the corner	/raʊnd ðə 'kɔ:nə/	tout proche

Children can be exasperating **at times**.
 In the Himalayas, you **are dwarfed by** some of the world's highest mountains.
 Mount Olympus **is home to** the Greek gods.
 It's a wonderful place that **captures the imagination**.
How often do you go to the cinema?
 My friend lives just **round the corner**.

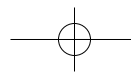
Unit 9

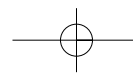
Pacific Heights (p. 72-74)

conventional (adj)	ˈkɒn'venʃənəl	conventionnel
elderly (adj)	'eldəli/	âgé
fine (adj)	/faɪn/	fin
flirtatious (adj)	/flɪtə'teɪʃəs/	charmeur
heartbroken (adj)	'hɑ:tbrəʊkən/	avoir le cœur brisé
long-running (adj)	/lɒŋ'rʌnɪŋ/	qui dure depuis le plus longtemps
outgoing (adj)	'aʊtɡəʊɪŋ/	ouvert
sparkling (adj)	'spɑ:kɪŋ/	pétillant
spiky (adj)	'spɪki/	en brosse
thick (adj)	/θɪk/	épais
classically (adv)	'klæsɪkli/	d'une manière classique
originally (adv)	ə'ɪdʒənli/	au départ
age gap (n)	'eɪdʒ ɡæp/	différence d'âge
asterisk (n)	'æstərɪsk/	astérisque
brackets (n)	'brækɪts/	parenthèse
brother-in-law (n)	'brʌðərɪnlɔ:/	beau-frère
daughter-in-law (n)	'dɔ:tərɪnlɔ:/	belle-fille
deal (n)	/di:l/	accord
distributor (n)	/dɪ'strɪbjətə(r)/	distributeur
father-in-law (n)	'fɑ:ðərɪnlɔ:/	beau-père
feature (n)	'fi:tʃə(r)/	traits
granddaughter (n)	'grændɔ:tə(r)/	petite-fille
grandfather (n)	'grænfɑ:ðə(r)/	grand-père
grandmother (n)	'grænmʌðə(r)/	grand-mère

Katy is attractive in a less conventional way.
 Max has an **elderly** mother called Edith.
 Annick has very **fine** features.
 She has a **flirtatious** smile.
 He was **heartbroken** when she left him.
 "Coronation St" is the **longest-running** soap opera.

He's **outgoing** and sociable.
 She has **sparkling** blue eyes.
 Lou has short **spiky** hair.
 Annick has long **thick** hair.
 She is **classically** beautiful.
 Soap operas were **originally** sponsored by soap powder manufacturers.
 There's a big **age gap** between the two sisters.
 Put an **asterisk** by the name of your oldest relative.
 Put **brackets** around the names of people you live with.
 How old is your **brother-in-law**?
 Clare is Max and Sarah's **daughter-in-law**.
 They're negotiating an important **deal**.
 They're doing business with a French **distributor**.
 Max is Clare's **father-in-law**.
 Annick has fine **features**.
 Penny is Edith's **granddaughter**.
 Is Max a **grandfather**?
 Edith is Lou's **grandmother**.





grandson (n)	/'grænsʌn/
greatgranddaughter (n)	/greɪt'grændɔ:tə(r)/
greatgrandfather (n)	/greɪt'grænfɑ:ðə(r)/
greatgrandmother (n)	/greɪt'grænmʌðə(r)/
greatgrandson (n)	/greɪt'grænsʌn/
half-brother (n)	/'hɑ:fbrʌðə(r)/
half-sister (n)	/'hɑ:fsɪstə(r)/
health (n)	/he'lθ/
managing director (n)	/mænɪdʒɪŋ də'rektə(r)/
mother-in-law (n)	/'mʌðərɪnlɔ:/
only child (n)	/əʊnli 'tʃaɪld/
overwork (n)	/əʊvə'wɜ:k/
recording company (n)	/rɪ'kɔ:dɪŋ 'kʌmpəni/
sales manager (n)	/seɪlz 'mænɪdʒə(r)/
second cousin (n)	/sekənd 'kʌzn/
series (n)	/'sɪəri:z/
sister-in-law (n)	/'sɪstərɪnlɔ:/
soap (n)	/səʊp/
soap opera (n)	/'səʊp ɒprə/
soap powder (n)	/'səʊp paʊdə(r)/
son-in-law (n)	/'sʌnɪnlɔ:/
sound engineer (n)	/saʊnd endʒɪ'nɪə(r)/
step-brother (n)	/'stepbrʌðə(r)/
step-daughter (n)	/'stepdɔ:tə(r)/
step-father (n)	/'stepfɑ:ðə(r)/
step-mother (n)	/'stepmʌðə(r)/
step-sister (n)	/'stepsɪstə(r)/
step-son (n)	/'stepsʌn/
streaks (n)	/stri:ks/
confide in (phr v)	/kən'faɪd ɪn /
get on (with) (phr v)	/get 'ɒn wɪð/
get over (phr v)	/get 'əʊvə(r)/
hold together (phr v)	/həʊld tə'geðə(r)/
take after (phr v)	/teɪk 'ɑ:ftə(r)/
take on (phr v)	/teɪk 'ɒn/
circle (v)	/'sɜ:kl/
mother (v)	/'mʌðə(r)/

petit-fils
arrière-petite-fille
arrière-grand-père
arrière-grand-mère
arrière-petit-fils
demi-frère
demi-sœur
santé
directeur général
belle-mère
enfant unique
surcharge de travail
studio d'enregistrement
directeur des ventes
cousin issu de germain
série
belle-sœur
feuilleton
feuilleton
lessive
gendre
ingénieur du son
demi-frère
belle-fille
beau-père
belle-mère
demi-sœur
beau-fils
mèche
se confier à
bien s'entendre avec
se remettre de
souder
tenir de
engager
encercler
dorloter

Does Edith have any **grandsons**?

How old's your **greatgranddaughter**?

My **greatgrandfather's** 93.

My **greatgrandmother's** 87.

How old's your **greatgrandson**?

My **half-brother's** called Sean.

My **half-sister's** called Beth.

Problems at work are affecting his **health**.

Max is a **managing director**.

Sarah is Clare's **mother-in-law**.

An **only child** has no brothers or sisters.

Max is suffering from stress and **overwork**.

Daniel works for a **recording company**.

Dave is a **sales manager**.

Do you have any **second cousins**?

"Pacific Heights" is a popular TV **series**.

Annick is Clare's future **sister-in-law**.

Do you watch any of the **soaps**?

Which is your favourite **soap opera**?

Soap powder manufacturers originally sponsored soaps.

How old is your **son-in-law**?

Daniel is a **sound engineer**.

Daniel is Penny's **step-brother**.

Sarah has 2 **step-daughters**.

Max is Dave and Daniel's **step-father**.

Sarah is Penny and Lou's **step-mother**.

Lou is Dave's **step-sister**.

Max has 2 **step-sons**.

Katy has red and brown **streaks** in her hair.

Everybody **confides in** Edith.

Do you **get on** with your relatives?

She's never **got over** her mother's death.

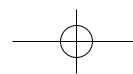
Edith **holds** the whole family **together**.

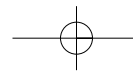
Penny and Lou **take after** their mother.

Max **took Phil on** as his junior partner.

Circle the relative you saw most recently.

Penny tends to **mother** her sister.





negotiate (v)	/nɪ'gəʊʃɪeɪt/	négocier
run (v)	/rʌn/	diriger
		durer
say (v)	/seɪ/	dire/annoncer
tell (v)	/tel/	dire/ordonner
tick (v)	/tɪk/	cocher
be in the family	/bi: ɪn ðə 'fæməli/	être dans la famille
be in the process of	/bi: ɪn ðə 'prəʊses əv/	être en train de
be in one's early twenties/ thirties etc	/bi: ɪn wʌnz ɜ:lɪ 'twentɪz/ 'θɜ:tɪz/	avoir entre 20 et 25 ans/30 et 35 ans etc
be in your one's twenties/ thirties etc	/bi: ɪn wʌnz leɪt 'twentɪz/ 'θɜ:tɪz/	avoir entre 25 et 30 ans/35 et 40 ans etc.
be in one's mid twenties/ thirties etc	/bi: ɪn wʌnz mɪd 'twentɪz/ 'θɜ:tɪz/	avoir autour de 25 ans/35 ans etc
be set in	/bɪ 'set ɪn/	se situer
don't say a word	/dəʊnt seɪ ə 'wɜ:d/	ne pas dire un mot
get one's name	/get wʌnz 'neɪm/	dériver son nom de
have a rest	/hæv ə 'rest/	prendre du repos
have second thoughts (about)	/hæv sekənd 'θɔ:ts/	reconsidérer
it's all over	/ɪts ɔ:l 'əʊvə(r)/	c'est terminé
look alike	/lʊk ə'laɪk/	se ressembler
take it easy	/teɪk ɪt 'i:zɪ/	se reposer

They're **negotiating** an important deal.
(Sense 1) Max and Phil **run** a large corporation.
(Sense 2) The programme has **run** for 40 years.

The doctor **said** he should rest.

Penny **told** Lou not to say anything.

Tick the correct answer.

The business has **been in the family** for over 150 years.

They **are in the process of** negotiating a deal.

Sarah **is in her early fifties**.

Dave **is in his late twenties**

Katy and Annick **are in
their mid thirties**.

The series **is set in** Pacific Heights in California.

Don't say a word about this to anyone.

How did soap operas **get their name**?

The doctor told Max to **have a rest**.

Daniel is **having second thoughts** about marrying Annick.

It's all over between Katy and John.

Dave and Daniel **look alike**.

You should **take it easy**," said the doctor.

Pacific Heights: Scene1/Close up (p.74-76)

fair (adj)	/feə(r)/	juste
worn out (adj)	/wɔ:n 'aʊt/	épuisé
juice (n)	/dʒu:s/	jus de fruit
pitch (n)	/pɪtʃ/	terrain
script (n)	/skɪpt/	script
suit (n)	/su:t/	costume
act out (phr v)	/ækt 'aʊt/	jouer
break up with (phr v)	/breɪk 'ʌp wɪð/	se séparer de
go ahead (phr v)	/gəʊ ə'hed/	va avoir lieu
go away (phr v)	/gəʊ ə'weɪ/	partir
mess up (phr v)	/mes 'ʌp/	déranger
talk sth through (phr v)	/tɔ:k ... 'θru:/	en discuter
recover (v)	/rɪ'kʌvə(r)/	se remettre

"It's not fair," said Lou.

Sit down. You look **worn out**.

Do you want **juice**?

Oh, no! The **pitch** is flooded.

Read the **script** carefully.

Lou wants to wear a **suit**, not a dress.

Act out a part from Scene 1.

Katy told Daniel she'd **broken up with** John.

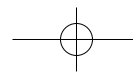
The wedding is **going ahead**.

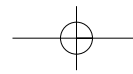
Why don't you **go away** for a few days?

Don't **mess up** my plans!

You should **talk it through** together.

He hasn't **recovered** yet from the break-up of their relationship.





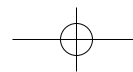
spoil (v)	/spɔɪl/	détruire
be flooded	/bɪ 'flʌdɪd/	être inondé
how's it going?	/haʊz ɪt 'gəʊɪŋ/	comment ça va ?
mind your own business	/maɪnd jər əʊn 'bɪznɪs/s/	occuper de ses affaires
Oh, dear.	/əʊ 'dɪə(r)/	Oh, mon Dieu.

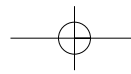
You've **spoilt** my plans!
 We can't play - the pitch **is flooded**.
 Hello, Daniel. **How's it going?**
 Why don't you **mind your own business?**
Oh, dear. What's the matter?

Pacific Heights: Scenes 2-4/The next episode (p.77-79)

athletic (adj)	/æθ'letɪk/	athlétique
part-time (adj)	/pɑ:t'taɪm/	à mi-temps
stunning (adj)	/'stʌnɪŋ/	sensationnelle
youthful (adj)	/'ju:θfl/	de la jeunesse
campaign (n)	/kæm'peɪn/	campagne
childcare (n)	/'tʃaɪldkeə(r)/	éducation des enfants
combination (n)	/kɒmbɪ'neɪʃn/	association
good looks (n)	/gʊd 'lʊks/	beauté physique
household chores (n)	/haʊshəʊld 'tʃɔ:z/	tâches ménagères
identical twins (n)	/aɪdɪntɪkl 'twɪnz/	vraies jumelles
prediction (n)	/prɪ'dɪkʃn/	prédiction
preview (n)	/'pri:vju:/	avant-première
surfboard (n)	/'sɜ:fbɔ:d/	planche de surf
therapist (n)	/'θerəpɪst/	thérapeute
I see what you mean	/aɪ si: wɒt ju: 'mi:m/	Je vois ce que vous voulez dire
working relationship (n)	/wɜ:kɪŋ rɪ'leɪʃnʃɪp/	relation professionnelle
belong to (phr v)	/bɪ'lɒŋ tu:/	être membre de
catch up with (phr v)	/kætʃ 'ʌp wɪð/	rencontrer
carry out (phr v)	/kæri 'aʊt/	effectuer
live with (phr v)	/'lɪv wɪð/	vivre avec
take over (phr v)	/teɪk 'əʊvə(r)/	prendre le relais
tell sb/sth apart (phr v)	/tel ... ə'pɑ:t/	différencier
turn to (phr v)	/'tɜ:n tu:/	virer à
predict (v)	/prɪ'dɪkt/	prédire
be involved with	/bi: ɪn'vɒlvɪd wɪð/	faire partie
be up to sth	/bi: ʌp tə nəʊ 'gʊd/	faire quelque chose
have an affair (with)	/hæv ən ə'feə wɪð/	avoir une liaison avec
It serves you/him/her right	/ɪt sɜ:vz ju:/hɪm/hɜ: 'raɪt/	cela vous/lui apprendra
It's up to you/him/her	/ɪts ʌp tə 'ju:/hɪm/'hɜ:z/	c'est à vous/lui/elle de décider

Phil has **athletic** good looks.
 Amy and Mark are **part-time** students.
 Dark hair and blue eyes is a **stunning** combination.
 Phil is full of **youthful** energy.
 The **campaign** involved a demonstration against tests on animals.
 Amy and Mark share the **childcare**.
 The **combination** of dark hair and blue eyes is stunning.
 Max is jealous of Phil's **good looks**.
 Amy and Mark share the **household chores**.
 Ella and Mara are **identical twins**.
 Compare your **predictions** with other groups.
 Try writing a **preview** for the next episode.
 Where's Charlie's **surfboard**?
 Clare is a **therapist**.
 "We could blackmail him into travelling with us." "**I see what you mean.**"
 Max and Phil have a good **working relationship**.
 They **belong to** an Animal Rights group.
 What happens when Max **catches up with** Daniel?
 At DCC tests were **carried out** on animals.
 Amy **lives with** her boyfriend Mark.
 Phil hopes to **take over** as managing director.
 They're identical twins – it's hard to **tell them apart**.
 The demonstration **turned to** violence.
 Try to **predict** what will happen.
 Amy **is involved with** the Animal Rights group.
What have you been up to today?
 Charlie is also **having an affair with** Clare.
It serves him right for experimenting on animals.
 You must decide – **it's** entirely **up to you**.





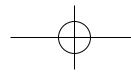
Close up/Language reference (p. 80-81)

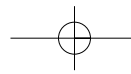
negative (adj)	/ˈnegətɪv/	négatif	Are these predictions negative or positive?
positive (adj)	/ˈpɒzətɪv/	positif	They don't seem very positive .
valid (adj)	/ˈvælɪd/	valide	Are the predictions valid ?
accountant (n)	/əˈkaʊntənt/	comptable	She has lunch with her accountant .
art dealer (n)	/ɑ:t ˈdi:lə(r)/	marchand d'art	Tania is an art dealer .
consequence (n)	/ˈkɒnsɪkwəns/	conséquence	What will the consequences of these changes be?
divorce rate (n)	/dɪˈvɔ:s reɪt/	taux de divorce	The divorce rate is increasing.
nuclear family (n)	/ˈnju:klɪə ˈfæməli/	famille nucléaire	A nuclear family is a family with a husband, wife, and children.
by the time	/baɪ ðə ˈtaɪm/	lorsque	What will life be like by the time you're forty?
come true	/kʌm ˈtru:/	se réaliser	Do you think the predictions will come true ?
sometime soon	/sʌmtaɪm ˈsu:n/	bientôt	Phil hopes to become managing director sometime soon .
this time next week/ month/year etc	/ðɪs taɪm nekst ˈwi:k/ˈmʌnθ/ /jɪə(r)/	dans une semaine/un mois/un an d'ici etc	I'll be on holiday this time next week .
will be	/ˈwɪl bi/	sera	The divorce rate will be over 50% in 2020.
will be doing/living/ working etc	/wɪl bi: ˈdu:ɪŋ/ˈlɪvɪŋ/ˈwɜ:kɪŋ/	feront/vivront/ travailleront etc	In 2020 most people will be working from home.
will have been/ become/done etc	/wɪl həv ˈbi:n/ˈbɪkʌm/ˈdʌn/	aura été/sera devenu/ aura fait etc	The nuclear family will have become a minority.

Unit 10

Time/Punctuality (p. 82-83)

punctual (adj)	/ˈpʌŋktʃʊəl/	ponctuel	How punctual are you?
unexpectedly (adv)	/ˌʌnɪkˈspektɪdli/	à l'improviste	A friend came unexpectedly .
interviewer (n)	/ˈɪntəvjʊə(r)/	interviewer	The interviewer's name was Paul Roetsch.
punctuality (n)	/pʌŋktʃu:'æləti/	ponctualité	Do you think punctuality is important?
saying (n)	/ˈseɪɪŋ/	dicton	Which of the sayings do you prefer?
time management (n)	/taɪm ˈmænɪdʒmənt/	gestion du temps	She's a time management consultant.
time scale (n)	/ˈtaɪm skeɪl/	délais	What sort of a time scale were you thinking of?
call by (phr v)	/kɔ:l ˈbaɪ/	passer	A friend called by unexpectedly.
invite in (phr v)	/ɪnvaɪt ˈɪn/	inviter à entrer	I invited her in .
put off (phr v)	/pʊt ˈɒf/	remettre au lendemain	You can't keep putting things off !
attend (v)	/əˈtend/	assister à	Everyone must attend the meeting.
fly (v)	/flaɪ/	passer vite	How time flies !
spare (v)	/speə(r)/	consacrer (du temps)	Sorry, I don't have much time to spare .





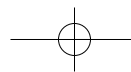
a waste of time	/ə weɪst əv 'taɪm/	perte de temps	I think computer games are a waste of time .
anything up to ...	/'eniθɪŋ ʌp tə/	jusqu'à	He often arrives anything up to half an hour late.
be scheduled (for .../to start)	/bɪ 'skedʒu:ld (fə ... tə stɑ:t)/	être prévu pour/commencer à	The meeting is scheduled for 9 o'clock.
better late than never	/betə 'leɪt ðən 'nevə(r)/	mieux vaut tard que jamais	"Mum's just arrived." " Better late than never! "
in one's opinion	/ɪn wʌnz ə'pɪniən/	à l'avis de quelqu'un	In my opinion , it's a complete waste of time!
on time	/ɒn 'taɪm/	à l'heure	Try to arrive on time .
piece of work	/pi:s əv 'wɜ:k/	tâche	This is an urgent piece of work .
the last minute	/ðə lɑ:st 'mɪnɪt/	dernière minute	Don't leave everything until the last minute!
there's no time like the present	/ðeəz nəʊ taɪm laɪk ðə 'prezənt/	Il ne faut pas remettre au lendemain ce que l'on peut faire le jour même	If you're thinking of learning a new skill, there's no time like the present .
time heals all wounds	/taɪm hi:lz ɔ:l 'wu:ndz/	temps guérit les blessures	I felt terribly unhappy at the time, but time heals all wounds .

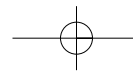
Pronunciation/Time expressions (p. 84-85)

bedtime story (n)	/bedtaɪm 'stɔ:ri/	histoire avant de s'endormir	We always try and read the children a bedtime story .
nap (n)	/næp/	sieste	Do you ever have a nap in the afternoon?
planner (n)	/'plænə(r)/	planning	Look at the monthly planner .
around (prep)	/ə'raʊnd/	aux alentours de	They left the party at around midnight.
a week today	/ə wi:k tə'deɪ/	dans une semaine à partir d'aujourd'hui	We're going on holiday a week today .
a week tomorrow	/ə wi:k tə'mɒrəʊ/	dans une semaine à partir de demain	Dad comes home a week tomorrow .
in time	/ɪn 'taɪm/	à temps pour	I like to get home in time to see the children.
just gone	/dʒʌst 'gɒn/	juste après	It's just gone half past three.
nothing special	/nʌθɪŋ 'speʃl/	rien de spécial	"What are you doing?" " Nothing special. "
the Monday/Tuesday etc	/ ðə mʌndeɪ/tju:zdeɪ	pas ce lundi/mardi etc.,	She's leaving the Friday after next .
after next	ɑ:ftə 'nekst/	mais le suivant	
the week/weekend before last	/ðə wi:k/wi:kend bɪfɔ: 'lɑ:st/	pas la semaine dernière, mais celle d'avant/pas le week-end dernier, mais celui d'avant	What did you do the weekend before last?

Things to do/Time-saving tips (p. 86-87)

distant (adj)	/'dɪstənt/	lointain	Don't worry about things that are in the distant future.
essential (adj)	/'esɪnʃl/	essentiel	It's essential to write things down.
high-powered (adj)	/haɪ'paʊəd/	de haute volée	She has a very high-powered job.
increased (adj)	/ɪn'kri:st/	accru	Lists give you increased control.





low-paid (adj)	/ləʊ'peɪd/	mal payé
orderly (adj)	/'ɔ:dəli/	ordonné
relaxing (adj)	/rɪ'læksɪŋ/	relaxant
time-saving (adj)	/'taɪmseɪvɪŋ/	pour gagner du temps
calmly (adv)	/'kɑ:mli/	calmement
constantly (adv)	/'kɒnstəntli/	constamment
promptly (adv)	/'prɒmptli/	rapidement
whereas (conjunction)	/weə'r'æz/	tandis que
action plan (n)	/'ækʃn plæn/	plan d'action
appointment (n)	/ə'pɔɪntmənt/	rendez-vous
baby-sitter (n)	/'beɪbɪsɪtə(r)/	baby-sitter
bill (n)	/bɪl/	note
chain (n)	/tʃeɪn/	chaîne
chief executive (n)	/tʃi:f ɪg'zɛkjətɪv/	directeur général
colleague (n)	/'kɒli:g/	collègue
collocation (n)	/kɒlə'keɪʃn/	locution
comfort (n)	/'kʌmfət/	réconfort
database (n)	/'deɪtəbeɪs/	base de données
depression (n)	/dɪ'preʃn/	dépression
designer (n)	/dɪ'zaɪnə(r)/	styliste
dry cleaners (n)	/draɪ 'kli:nəz/	nettoyage à sec
electronic organiser (n)	/'ɪlektroʊnɪk 'ɔ:gənəɪzə(r)/	agenda électronique
envelope (n)	/'envələʊp/	enveloppe
fax machine (n)	/fæks mə'ʃi:m/	fax
hairdresser (n)	/'heədresə(r)/	coiffeur
hierarchy (n)	/'haɪə'r'ɑ:kɪ/	hiérarchie
library book (n)	/'laɪbrəri bʊk/	livre de bibliothèque
mind (n)	/maɪnd/	esprit
notebook (n)	/'nəʊtbʊk/	calepin
overnight bag (n)	/əʊvə'nɑɪt bæɡ/	petit sac de voyage
Post-it note (n)	/pəʊstɪt 'nəʊt/	post-it
premises (n)	/'premɪsɪz/	locaux
prompt (n)	/'prɒmpt /	mémento
relief (n)	/rɪ'li:f/	soulagement
sellotape (n)	/'eləteɪp/	ruban adhésif
shape (n)	/ʃeɪp/	format, forme

I'm tired of doing **low-paid** boring jobs.

Type A people make **orderly** lists.

Some people find making lists **relaxing**.

Here are some **time-saving** tips.

He sat down and **calmly** wrote a list.

Work makes me feel **constantly** stressed.

She **promptly** forgot everything he'd told her.

Men make lists for work **whereas** women make lists for home as well.

Men tend to make **action plans**.

I have a hairdresser's **appointment** at 10.00.

We need a **baby-sitter** for Saturday.

Remember to pay the phone **bill**.

She runs a **chain** of supermarkets.

He's **chief executive** of an electronics firm.

My **colleagues** are very friendly.

Complete these sentences to make **collocations**.

Making lists is a great **comfort**.

We need to upgrade our **database**.

Have you ever suffered from **depression**?

She works as a **designer** for an advertising firm.

I must pick my suit up from the **dry cleaners**.

Do you have an **electronic organiser**?

She made a list on the back of an **envelope**.

We need a new **fax machine**.

What time are you going to the **hairdresser**?

We put things into **hierarchies** of importance.

You must return your **library books**.

Stress blocks your **mind**.

Write everything down in a **notebook**.

Can I borrow your **overnight bag**?

Her desk was covered in **Post-it notes**.

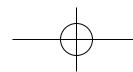
It's time to look for new **premises**.

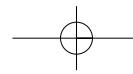
Use these **prompts** to help you.

He sat down with a sigh of **relief**.

Remember to get some **sellotape**.

Lists dictate the **shape** of the immediate future.





standard practice (n)	/stændəd 'præktɪs/	pratique courante
suit (n)	/su:t/	costume
talk (n)	/tɔ:k/	présentation
task (n)	/tɑ:sk/	tâche
tip (n)	/tɪp/	conseil
Washing-up liquid (n)	/wɒʃɪŋʌp 'lɪkwɪd/	liquide à vaisselle
get by (phr v)	/get 'baɪ/	se débrouiller
leave with (phr v)	/'li:v wɪð/	laisser....à
pick up (phr v)	/'pɪk 'ʌp/	aller chercher
print out (phr v)	/'prɪnt 'aʊt/	imprimer
rely on (phr v)	/'rɪ'lai ɒn/	compter sur
set in (phr v)	/set 'ɪn/	s'installer
take back (phr v)	/'teɪk 'bæk/	remmener
few (quantifier)	/'fju:/	peu de
assemble (v)	/'ə'sembl/	rassembler
block (v)	/'blɒk/	bloquer
change (v)	/'tʃeɪndʒ/	changer
dictate (v)	/'dɪk'teɪt/	dicter
grab (v)	/'græb/	saisir
join (v)	/'dʒɔɪn/	s'inscrire à
order (v)	/'ɔ:də(r)/	mettreen ordre
prioritise (v)	/'praɪ'brətaɪz/	classer par priorité
scribble (v)	/'skrɪbl/	griffonner
sigh (v)	/'saɪ/	soupirer
upgrade (v)	/'ʌp'ɡreɪd/	mettre à jour
work (v)	/'wɜ:k/	marcher
do the dishes	/'du: ðə 'dɪʃɪz/	faire la vaisselle
get obsessed	/'get əb'sest/	être obsédé
get the upper hand	/'get ði: ʌpə 'hænd/	maîtriser
get things done	/'get θɪŋz 'dʌn/	mener les choses à bien
it's a question of ...	/'ɪts ə 'kwɛstʃən/	Il s'agit de savoir...
set to work	/'set tə 'wɜ:k/	se mettre au travail
take control (of)	/'teɪk kən'trəʊl/	prendre.....en main
the more ... the more	/'ðə 'mɔ: ... ðə 'mɔ:/	plus.....plus
up to now	/'ʌp tə 'naʊ/	jusqu'à présent

It's **standard practice** to wear smart clothes.

My **suit's** at the dry cleaners.

I must make photocopies for my **talk**.

This is quite a difficult **task**.

Here are some time-saving **tips**.

Remember to buy some **washing-up liquid**.

I couldn't **get by** without making lists.

Remember to **leave** the key **with** Clare.

Don't forget to **pick up** your suit.

Could you **print** that **out** for me?

Don't **rely on** your memory!

Don't wait until panic **sets in**!

Take the library books **back**.

Few people in high-powered jobs manage without lists.

Men **assemble** tasks into action plans.

Stress **blocks** the mind.

I must **change** some money.

Lists **dictate** what we should do.

He **grabbed** an envelope and made a list.

She's just **joined** a gym.

People use categories to **order** the world.

It's important to **prioritise**.

I **scribbled** his phone number on an envelope.

She **sighed** with relief when it was over.

You should **update** your database regularly.

Different things **work** well for different people.

We take turns to **do the dishes**.

Don't **get obsessed** with making lists.

Lists do help you **get the upper hand** on time.

Lists help you **get things done**.

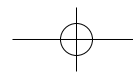
It's a question of what works best for you.

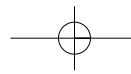
We **set to work** on doing all the jobs on the list.

It's important to **take control** of your life.

The more you have to do, **the more** you need a list.

Up to now, I've relied on my memory.



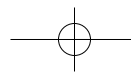


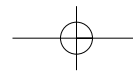
Close up/Office cultures (p. 88-89)

casual (adj)	/'kæʒʊəl/	décontracté	Do you prefer wearing casual or formal clothes?
flexible (adj)	/'fleksəbl/	flexible	Working hours are flexible .
formal (adj)	/'fɔ:məl/	chic	He prefers formal clothes.
smartly (adv)	/'smɑ:tli/	élégamment	He likes dressing smartly .
cafeteria (n)	/kæfə'tiəriə/	cafétéria	You can smoke in the cafeteria .
canteen (n)	/kæn'ti:n/	cantine	I don't like eating in the canteen .
obligation (n)	/ɒbli'geɪʃn/	obligation	"Must" and "have to" express obligation .
office culture (n)	/ɒfɪs 'kʌltʃə(r)/	culture d'entreprise	Different companies have different office cultures .
permission (n)	/pə'mɪʃn/	permission	"Can" and "be allowed to" express permission .
prohibition (n)	/prəʊhɪ'biʃn/	interdiction	"Can't," "mustn't" and "not be allowed to" express prohibition .
working hours (n)	/wɜ:kɪŋ 'aʊəz/	heures de travail	Are your working hours flexible?
work place (n)	/'wɜ:k pleɪs/	lieu de travail	Describe a work place you know.
run out of (phr v)	/rʌn 'aʊt əv/	être à court de	We've run out of time.
see (v)	/si:/	voir	I'll see if I have time tomorrow.
be allowed to	/bi: ə'laʊd tə/	être autorisé de	Are you allowed to stay up late?
be supposed to	/bi sə'pəʊz tə/	être supposé de	You're supposed to start work at 8 o'clock.
don't have to	/dəʊnt 'hæv tə/	ne pas avoir besoin de	We don't have to dress smartly.
first thing tomorrow	/fɜ:st θɪŋ tə'mɒrəʊ/	tôt demain matin	I'll phone you first thing tomorrow .
there'll be trouble	/ðeəl bi 'trʌbl/	Ça va mal aller	If we don't finish the work on time, there'll be trouble .

Language reference/To whom it may concern (p. 90-91)

service-oriented (adj)	/sɜ:vɪs 'ɔ:riəntɪd/	orienté vers le service	We're looking for service-oriented people.
currently (adv)	/'kʌrəntli/	à l'heure actuelle	Worldwide Airlines are currently seeking staff.
applicant (n)	/'æplɪkənt/	postulant	Applicants must be over 20 years of age.
application form (n)	/æplɪ'keɪʃn fɔ:m/	formulaire de candidature	Fill in the application form .
article (n)	/'ɑ:tɪkl/	article	You must be able to lift heavy articles .
candidate (n)	/'kændɪdət/	candidat	Interested candidates can write for more information.
cough (n)	/kɒf/	toux	That's a terrible cough!
diabetic (n)	/daɪə'betɪk/	diabétique	She's a diabetic .
flight attendant (n)	/flaɪt ə'tendənt/	hôtesse de l'air (fem)/ steward (masc)	I want to be a flight attendant .
insulin (n)	/'ɪnsjəlɪn/	insuline	Diabetics have to take insulin .
IT (information technology)(n)	/aɪ 'ti:/	TI (technologie de l'information)	She's an IT assistant.
performance (n)	/pə'fɔ:məns/	performance	We expect a high level of performance .
petrol station (n)	/petrəl 'steɪʃn/	station à essence	Stop at the next petrol station .
recommendation (n)	/rekəmen'deɪʃn/	recommandation	"Should" can be used for recommendations .





requirement (n)	/rɪ'kwairəmənt/	critère
reservation (n)	/rezə'veɪʃn/	réservation
summer course (n)	/'sʌmə kɔ:s/	cours d'été
work experience (n)	/wɜ:k ɪk'spiəriəns/	expérience professionnelle
confirm (v)	/kən'fɜ:m/	confirmer
enclose (v)	/ɪn'kləʊz/	joindre
lift (v)	/lɪft/	soulever
seek (v)	/si:k/	rechercher
as required	/æz rɪk'waɪəd/	cas échéant
go on a diet	/gəʊ ɒn ə 'daɪət/	se mettre au régime
in response to	/ɪn rɪ'spɒns tə/	en réponse à
put on weight	/pʊt ɒn 'weɪt/	prendre du poids
take pride in	/teɪk 'praɪd ɪn/	être fier de
Yours	/jɔ:z/	Cordialement vôtre
Yours faithfully	/jɔ:z 'feɪθfəli/	Veillez agréer mes sentiments les meilleurs
Yours sincerely	/jɔ:z sɪn'sɪəli/	Veillez agréer mes sincères salutations

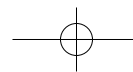
What are the **requirements** for the job?
Please confirm your **reservation** in writing.
I'd like to attend a **summer course** at your school.
Applicants must have 2 years **work experience**.
We'll write to **confirm** your reservation.
I **enclose** my CV for your attention.
Can you **lift** heavy articles?
We're **seeking** friendly, service-oriented people.
You must be able to lift heavy articles **as required**.
She's putting on weight – she should **go on a diet**.
I'm writing **in response to** your advert.
I can't stop putting on weight.
You must **take pride in** your appearance.
Yours, Peter
Yours faithfully, Peter Maggs
Yours sincerely, Peter Maggs

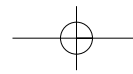
Unit 11

Journey (p. 92-93)

airborne (adj)	/'eəbɔ:n/	airborne avoir décollé
hellish (adj)	/'helɪʃ/	infernal
meaningless (adj)	/'mi:nɪŋləs/	dépourvu de sens
remaining (adj)	/rɪ'meɪnɪŋ/	restant
round-the-world (adj)	/raʊndðə'wɜ:ld/	autour du monde
serious (adj)	/'sɪəriəs/	sérieux
armrest (n)	/'ɑ:mrest/	appui-bras
boredom (n)	/'bɔ:dəm/	ennui
broken heart (n)	/brəʊkən 'hɑ:t/	cœur brisé
escape (n)	/ɪs'keɪp/	évasion
excerpt (n)	/ek'sɜ:pt/	extrait
holiday romance (n)	/hɒlədeɪ 'rəʊməns/	amour de vacances
seat-belt (n)	/'si:tbel/	ceinture de sécurité
suntan (n)	/'sʌntæn/	bronzage

By the time the plane was **airborne** I'd forgotten my problems.
I spent 3 **hellish** days and nights.
Life in England seemed **meaningless**.
Where were the **remaining** photos taken?
I'd love to go on a **round-the-world** trip.
She was my first **serious** girlfriend.
One of the **armrests** was broken.
How do you avoid **boredom**?
Have you ever had a **broken heart**?
Escape through travel works.
Read this **excerpt** from *The Beach*.
She had a **holiday romance** with a Belgian guy.
Fasten your **seat-belt**!
You've got a gorgeous **suntan**.

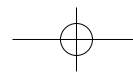


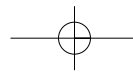


come back (phr v)	/kʌm 'bæk/	revenir	When are you coming back ?
light up (phr v)	/laɪt 'ʌp/	s'allumer	The signs all lit up .
live out (phr v)	/lɪv 'aʊt/	réaliser	I wanted to live out my dreams.
run away from (phr v)	/rʌn ə'weɪ frəm/	fuir	What are you running away from ?
show up (phr v)	/ʃəʊ 'ʌp/	se montrer	He showed up an hour late.
switch off (phr v)	/swɪtʃ 'ɒf/	s'évaporer	All my problems just switched off .
board (v)	/bɔ:d/	embarquer	Please board the plane at Gate 23.
broaden (v)	/'brɔ:dn/	élargir	Travel broadens the mind.
as if that wasn't enough	/əz ɪf ðæt wɒzənt ɪ'nʌf/	et en plus de cela...	As if that wasn't enough her new boyfriend came to visit her.
bike over to ...	/baɪk 'əʊvə tə/	Je suis allé chez mon père en vélo ...	I biked over to my dad's.
by the time	/baɪ ðə 'taɪm/	lorsque	By the time I got on the plane, my problems had started to disappear.
emotionally blackmail	/ɪməʊʃənəli 'blækmeɪl/	faire du chantage émotionnel	I emotionally blackmailed him into lending me the money.
get sb to do sth	/get ... tə 'du: .../	demander à quelqu'un de	He got his friend to guess where they were taken.
go through the process of	/gəʊ θru: ðə 'prəʊses əv/	faire quelque chose	They were going through the process of splitting up.
go travelling	/gəʊ 'trævlɪŋ/	être en train de	If I had the chance, I'd love to go travelling .
lose one's head	/lu:z wʌnz hed/	faire des voyages	He almost lost his head .
raise money	/reɪz 'mʌni/	perdre la tête	We're raising money for charity.
take a break	/teɪk ə 'breɪk/	trouver des capitaux	You should take a break and relax.
take precedence over	/teɪk 'preɪsɪdəns/	faire une pause	Does your career take precedence over your family?
the thing/person/item	/ðə θɪŋ/pɜ:sn/aɪtəm ɪn	avoir la préséance sur..	The guy in question was coming to London to visit her.
in question	'kwestʃən/	chose/personne/article etc.,	
(to the) north/south/east/west of	/(tə ðə) 'nɔ:θ/'saʊθ/	en question	
	'ɪst/'west əv/	au Nord/Sud/Est/Ouest de..	Cambridge is to the east of Oxford.

Close up/Wish you were her (p. 94-95)

brehtaking (adj)	/'breθteɪkɪŋ/	à vous couper le souffle	The views over the bay were brehtaking .
delighted (adj)	/dɪ'laɪtɪd/	enchanté	He was delighted to see us.
sandy (adj)	/'sændɪ/	sablonneux	We walked along the sandy beaches.
spicy (adj)	/'spɑ:si/	epicé	The food's very spicy .
touristy (adj)	/'tʊərɪstɪ/	touristique	It's quite a touristy place.
definitely (adv)	/'defɪnətli/	sans aucun doute	That was definitely Sarah I saw.
peak (n)	/pi:k/	crête	We saw snowy mountain peaks in the distance.
travelling companion (n)	/'trævlɪŋ kəmˌpæniən/	compagnon de voyage	Who would you choose as travelling companion ?
get around (phr v)	/get ə'raʊnd/	se déplacer	How did you get around the island?





break (v)	/breɪk/
overlook (v)	/əʊvə'lʊk/
be short of	/bɪ 'ʃɔ:t əv/
do well	/du: 'wel/
get old	/get 'əʊld/
I suppose it could be	/aɪ səpəʊz ɪt 'kʊd bi/
you must be joking!	/ju: mʌst bi 'dʒɔ:kɪŋ/

se briser	
donner sur..	
manquer de	
bien marcher	
se faire vieux	
Je pense que ce pourrait bien être...	
vous plaisantez !	

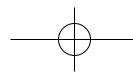
We listened to the waves **breaking** on the shore.
My hotel **overlooks** the lake.
They're not **short of** money.
That new restaurant's **doing** really **well**.
I feel really tired – I must be **getting old**!
I **suppose it could be** Athens.
A new car? On my salary? **You must be joking!**

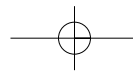
Close up/Coast to coast (p. 96-7)

back-street (adj)	/'bækstri:t/
imaginary (adj)	/'ɪmædʒɪnəri/
improbable (adj)	/'ɪm'prɒbəbl/
reliable (adj)	/'ri'laɪəbl/
second-hand (adj)	/'sekənd'hænd/
overnight (adv)	/əʊvə'naɪt/
deal (n)	/di:l/
motorbike (n)	/'məʊtəbaɪk/
papers (n)	/'peɪpəz/
rainforest (n)	/'reɪn'fɒrɪst/
sun block (n)	/'sʌn blɒk/
carry on (phr v)	/kæri 'ɒn/
get to (phr v)	/'get tə/
give up (phr v)	/gɪv 'ʌp/
think back (phr v)	/θɪŋk 'bæk/
be soft in the head	/bi 'sɒft ɪn ðə 'hed/
Certainly not!	/sɜ:tənli 'nɒt/
find oneself	/'faɪnd wʌnz'self/
for sale	/fɔ 'seɪl/
go well	/gəʊ 'wel/
hit the road	/'hɪt ðə 'rəʊd/
it's now or never	/'ɪts naʊ ɔ: 'nevə(r)/
so he/she etc thought	/səʊ hi:/ʃi: 'θɔ:t/
run out of steam	/'rʌn aʊt əv 'sti:m/
to one's amazement/surprise	/tə wʌnz ə'meɪzmənt/sə'praɪz/

des petites rues	
imaginaire	
improbable	
fiable	
d'occasion	
pendant la nuit	
affaire	
moto	
papiers	
forêt tropicale	
écran total	
continuer	
atteindre	
abandonner	
se rappeler	
être débile	
Sûrement pas!	
se découvrir	
à vendre	
bien marcher	
se mettre en route	
c'est maintenant ou jamais	
au moins il/elle le pensait	
manquer de ressort	
à sa grande surprise	

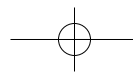
He bought the bike from a **back-street** garage.
The conditional is used to show that a situation is **imaginary**.
It is also used to show that a situation is **improbable**.
Nick wanted to buy something more **reliable**.
He was riding a **second-hand** Harley Davidson.
Leave your bike here **overnight**.
That's the worst **deal** you'll ever make!
Nick wanted to cross the United States by **motorbike**.
They signed the **papers** to complete the deal.
Would you like to go to the Amazon **rainforest**?
I wouldn't go to the Sahara without **sun block**.
Nick thought about selling the bike but decided to **carry on**.
The bike broke down when he **got to** Kansas.
He **gave up** his job in order to do the journey.
Think back to a journey you have made.
You must **be soft in the head!**
"Is the bike for sale?" "**Certainly not!**"
Imagine that you **found yourself** in Hawaii!
Is the bike **for sale**?
The motorbike seemed to be **going well**.
Nick wanted to **hit the road** as soon as possible.
I'm determined to do this journey – **it's now or never!**
He'd been lucky to find the bike, or **so he thought**.
The bike started **running out of steam**.
To his surprise, he was offered \$3,000 for it.

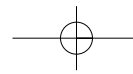




Close up/Tell us a story (p. 98-99)

fellow (adj)	/ˈfeləʊ/	collègue	One of the co-pilots asked his fellow pilot to help him.
overhead (adj)	/əʊvəˈhed/	compartiment à bagages	He put his luggage in an overhead locker.
whispered (adj)	/ˈwɪspəd/	murmuré	There was a short whispered discussion.
carelessly (adv)	/ˈkeələsli/	négligemment	She carelessly left her handbag on the table.
curiously (adv)	/ˈkjʊəriəsli/	curieusement	The man had curiously disappeared.
eventually (adv)	/ɪˈventʃʊəli/	en fin de compte (finalement)	Eventually we found her.
finally (adv)	/ˈfaɪnəli/	finalement	We finally managed to contact him.
fortunately (adv)	/ˈfɔːtʃənətli/	heureusement	Fortunately I remembered where they kept the key.
gradually (adv)	/ˈgrædʒʊəli/	petit à petit	They're gradually becoming more confident.
naturally (adv)	/ˈnætʃrəli/	naturellement	Naturally we were pleased to see each other.
unbelievably (adv)	/ʌnbɪˈliːvəblɪ/	incroyablement	Unbelievably it was 50 years since they'd seen each other.
aisle seat (n)	/ˈaɪl siːt/	siège près de l'allée	Most people prefer window seats to aisle seats .
anti-terrorist lock (n)	/æntɪˈterərɪst lɒk/	verrou contre les terroristes	The door was fitted with an anti-terrorist lock .
check-in (n)	/ˈtʃekɪn/	enregistrement	We had to wait a few minutes at check-in .
cockpit (n)	/ˈkɒkprɪt/	cockpit	The pilot sits in the cockpit .
connecting flight (n)	/kəˈnektɪŋ flaɪt/	vol de correspondance	We have a connecting flight to catch.
co-pilot (n)	/ˈkəʊpaɪlət/	copilote	One of the co-pilots came out of the cockpit.
departure (n)	/dɪˈpɑːtʃə(r)/	départ	Departure time is 10.30.
duty-free (n)	/dʒuːtɪˈfriː/	magasin hors taxe	They bought some perfume in duty-free .
hand luggage (n)	/ˈhænd ˌlʌɡɪdʒ/	bagages à main	He put his hand luggage in an overhead locker.
locker (n)	/ˈlɒkə(r)/	compartiment à bagages	Put it in one of the overhead lockers .
microwave (n)	/ˈmaɪkrəweɪv/	four à micro-ondes	You can heat coffee in the microwave .
photographer (n)	/fəˈtɒgrəfə(r)/	photographe	John is a photographer .
Swiss army knife (n)	/swɪs ˈɑːmɪ naɪf/	couteau suisse	He had a Swiss army knife in his luggage.
puncture (n)	/ˈpʌŋktʃə(r)/	crevaisson	Oh no! I think we've got a puncture .
tyre (n)	/ˈtaɪə(r)/	pneu	I should have checked the tyres .
look back (phr v)	/lʊk ˈbæk/	reconsidérer	The past simple is used for looking back at a past event.
cancel (v)	/ˈkænsəl/	annuler	The flight had to be cancelled .
cruise (v)	/kruːz/	voler à vitesse de croisière	The plane was cruising over the Indian Ocean.
after a while	/ɑːftər ə ˈwaɪl/	après quelques instants	After a while the announcer called our flight.
be fitted with	/bɪ ˈfɪtɪd wɪð/	être équipé de	The door was fitted with an anti-terrorist lock.
by air	/baɪ ˈeə(r)/	par avion	In Australia people often travel by air between cities.
by rail	/baɪ ˈreɪl/	par le train	Do you enjoy travelling by rail ?
by road	/baɪ ˈrəʊd/	par la route	Most people prefer travelling by road .





by sea /baɪ 'si:/
 come loose /kʌm 'luːs/
 go wrong /gəʊ 'rɒŋ/
 lock oneself out /lɒk wʌnzself 'aʊt/

par bateau
 se décroincer
 mal aller
 s'enfermer dehors

The journey **by sea** took 12 hours.
 Eventually the lock **came loose**.
 Things started to **go wrong** when the flight was delayed.
 The two pilots had **locked themselves out**.

Unit 12

Basics (p. 100-101)

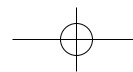
basically (adv) /'beɪsɪklɪ/
 honestly (adv) /'ɒnəslɪ/
 cloth (n) /klɒθ/
 countable noun (n) /'kaʊntəbl naʊn/
 drop (n) /drɒp/
 fast food (n) /fɑːst 'fuːd/
 scissors (n) /'sɪzəz/
 sink (n) /sɪŋk/
 slice (n) /slaɪs/
 uncountable noun (n) /ʌn'kaʊntəbl naʊn/
 waiter (n) /'weɪtə(r)/
 spill (v) /spɪl/
 have sth in common (with sb) /hæv ... ɪn 'kɒmən (wɪð)/

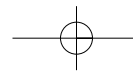
beauty (n) /'bjuːtɪ/
 carton (n) /'kɑːtn/
 dressing (n) /'dresɪŋ/
 first course (n) /'fɜːst kɔːs/
 hunger (n) /'hʌŋgə(r)/
 knowledge (n) /'nɒlɪdʒ/
 oddity (n) /'ɒdətɪ/
 power (n) /'paʊə(r)/
 side salad (n) /'saɪd sæləd/
 starter (n) /'stɑːtə(r)/
 tip (n) /tɪp/
 truth (n) /truːθ/
 dry-clean (n) /draɪ'kliːn/

essentiellement
 honnêtement
 torchon
 nom comptable
 goutte
 nourriture de fast-food
 ciseaux
 évier
 tranche
 nom innombrable
 garçon de café ,serveur
 renverser
 avoir quelque chose en commun (avec quelqu'un)
 beauté
 une boîte de lait/un pot de yaourt
 assaisonnement
 entrée
 faim
 connaissances
 quelqu'un d'étrange/quelque chose d'étrange
 pouvoir
 salade
 entrée
 pourboire
 vérité
 nettoyage à sec

I think most people are **basically** good.
 It's OK, **honestly**. Don't worry.
 Waiter! Can you bring a **cloth**?
 "Mobile phone" is a **countable noun**.
 A **drop** of wine went on my skirt.
 Is **fast food** good for you?
 Can I borrow the **scissors**?
 Put the dirty dishes in the **sink**.
 Can I have a **slice** of bread?
 "Furniture" is an **uncountable noun**.
 I asked the **waiter** to bring a cloth.
 Oh no! I've just **spilt** some wine.
 They didn't **have anything in common**.

Film stars are admired for their **beauty**.
 A **carton** of milk/yoghurt, please.
 Would you like **dressing** on that?
 Are you having a **first course**?
 I felt as if I was dying of **hunger**.
 She has a good general **knowledge**.
 An **oddity** is a person or thing that is different from what you would expect.
 Politicians have **power** over our lives.
 I ordered a **side salad**.
 Is everyone having a **starter**?
 Shall we leave a **tip**?
 Do you think he was telling the **truth**?
 My trousers need **dry-cleaning**.





rip (v)	/rɪp/
an item of	/ən 'aɪtəm əv/
Anything else?	/eniθɪŋ 'els/
Anything to start with?	/eniθɪŋ tə 'stɑ:t wɪð/
Just a drop.	/dʒʌst ə 'drɒp/
Over here.	/əʊvə 'hɪə(r)/
What can I get you?	/wɒt kən aɪ 'get ju:/

déchirer
une pièce de
Désirez-vous autre chose ?
Désirez-vous une entrée ?
Juste une goutte.
Ici !
Que désirez-vous ?

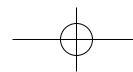
I **ripped** my jeans climbing over the fence.
 She had at least 30 **items of** clothing in her case.
 “**Anything else?**” “Not for me, thanks.”
 “**Anything to start with?**” “I’ll have the soup.”
 “Any more coffee?” “**Just a drop.**”
 “Chicken salad?” “**Over here.**”
 “**What can I get you?**” “A lager, please.”

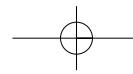
Incredible edibles (p. 105)

barbecued (adj)	/'bɑ:bɪkjʊ:d/
bitter (adj)	/'bɪtə(r)/
bland (adj)	/blænd/
chewy (adj)	/'tʃu:ɪ/
creamy (adj)	/'kri:mɪ/
crisp (adj)	/krɪsp/
crunchy (adj)	/'krʌntʃɪ/
deep fried (adj)	/di:p 'fraɪd/
fried (adj)	/fraɪd/
greasy (adj)	/'greɪsɪ/
roasted (adj)	/'rəʊstɪd/
salted (adj)	/'sɒltɪd/
salty (adj)	/'sɒltɪ/
spicy (adj)	/'spaɪsɪ/
strong (adj)	/strɒŋ/
sweet (adj)	/swi:t/
raw (adj)	/rɔ:/
tasty (adj)	/'teɪstɪ/
tinned (adj)	/tɪnd/
ant (n)	/ænt/
cockroach (n)	/'kɒkrəʊtʃ/
cooking (n)	/'kʊkɪŋ/
cricket (n)	/'krɪkɪt/
grasshopper (n)	/'grɑ:ʃɒpə(r)/
grub (n)	/grʌb/
lizard (n)	/'lɪzəd/
locust (n)	/'ləʊkəst/

cuit au barbecue
amer
fade
difficile à mâcher
crémeux
craquant
croquant
frit
à la poêle
gras
grillé
salé
salé
épicé
fort
sucré
cru
avoir bon goût
en conserves
fourmi
cafard
faire la cuisine
grillon
sauterelle
larve
lézard
locuste

I love **barbecued** sausages.
 “Do you like black coffee?” “No, it’s too **bitter.**”
 Cucumbers have a **bland** taste.
 Caramels are very **chewy.**
 The fish was served with a **creamy** sauce.
 The lettuce was nice and **crisp.**
 They served a nice **crunchy** side salad.
 We ordered **deep fried** chicken pieces.
 I had **fried** eggs and bacon.
 Fried foods can be very **greasy.**
 A packet of **roasted** peanuts, please.
Salted peanuts make me thirsty.
 The ham was very **salty.**
 Some people can’t eat **spicy** food.
 I like cheese with a **strong** flavour.
 Do you like **sweet** food?
Raw vegetables are good for you.
 That soup was really **tasty!**
 Do you eat much **tinned** food?
Ants are small brown insects that live in large groups.
 She screamed when she saw a **cockroach** in the kitchen.
 I love my mother’s **cooking!**
 The sound of **crickets** filled the warm evening air.
Grasshoppers can jump a long way.
Grubs are small creatures like worms.
Lizards like lying in the sun.
 The crops were eaten by **locusts.**





milk chocolate (n)	/mɪlk 'tʃɒklət/	chocolat au lait
plain chocolate (n)	/pleɪn 'tʃɒklət/	chocolat noir
shark (n)	/ʃɑ:k/	requin

A bar of **milk chocolate**, please.

Plain chocolate has quite a bitter taste.

Be careful! There are **sharks** swimming in the sea.

Bedtime/Sleep survey (p. 106-7)

alert (adj)	/ə'leɪt/	alerte
cluttered (adj)	/'klʌtəd/	encombré
significant (adj)	/sɪg'nɪfɪkənt/	important
sleepy (adj)	/'sli:pɪ/	somnolant
actually (adv)	/'æktʃʊəli/	en fait
incorrectly (adv)	/'ɪnkə'rektli/	incorrectment
mentally (adv)	/'mentəli/	mentalement
brain (n)	/'breɪn/	cerveau
brain power (n)	/'breɪn paʊə(r)/	capacité du cerveau
desktop (n)	/'deskɒp/	bureau
double bed (n)	/'dʌbl 'bed/	un lit à deux places
early bird (n)	/'ɜ:lɪ bɜ:d/	un matinal
function (n)	/'fʌŋkʃn/	fonction
life expectancy (n)	/'laɪf ɪk'spektənsɪ/	espérance de vie
insomnia (n)	/'ɪnsɒmniə/	insomnie
nightmare (n)	/'naɪtmɛə(r)/	cauchemar
night owl (n)	/'naɪt əʊl/	couche tard
research (n)	/'ri:sɜ:tʃ; 'ri:sɜ:tʃ/	recherche
sleep disorder (n)	/'sli:p dɪs'ɔ:də(r)/	trouble du sommeil
sleep habit (n)	/'sli:p 'hæbɪt/	manière dont on dort
weeknight (n)	/'wi:knaɪt/	nuit durant la semaine
carry out (phr v)	/'kæri 'aʊt/	effectuer
catch up on (phr v)	/'kætʃ 'ʌp ɒn/	se rattraper
file away (phr v)	/'faɪl ə'weɪ/	classer
relate to (phr v)	/'ri'leɪt tə/	se rapporter à
suffer from (phr v)	/'sʌfə frɒm/	souffrir de
conduct (v)	/'kɒn'dʌkt/	réaliser
file (v)	/'faɪl/	classer
play (v)	/'pleɪ/	jouer
recuperate (v)	/'ri'ku:pəreɪt/	recupérer
shorten (v)	/'ʃɔ:tn/	raccourcir

In order to be mentally **alert** you need enough sleep.

Your desk is too **cluttered**. Try to keep it tidy.

A **significant** number of people get less sleep than they need.

I often feel **sleepy** in the afternoon.

You can **actually** reduce your brain power if you don't sleep enough.

People **incorrectly** think that the brain rests during sleep.

I need to be **mentally** alert for my work.

The **brain** works when the body sleeps.

Increase your **brain power** by sleeping more!

I must tidy my **desktop**.

A **double bed** is a bed for 2 people.

An **early bird** is someone who gets up early.

Sleep plays an important part in brain **functions**.

What's the average **life expectancy** in Britain?

Have you ever suffered from **insomnia**?

Do you ever have **nightmares**?

A **night owl** is someone who goes to bed late.

We're doing some **research** into sleep habits.

Insomnia is a **sleep disorder**.

They carried out a survey into people's **sleep habits**.

How much sleep do you get on **weeknights**?

A survey into people's sleep habits was **carried out**.

I need to **catch up on** my sleep.

The brain **files away** information like a computer.

The percentages **relate to** facts in the survey.

Do you **suffer from** insomnia?

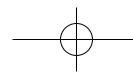
How long did it take to **conduct** the survey?

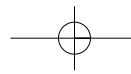
The brain works like a computer, **filing** the day's events.

Sleep **plays** an important role in brain function.

The body **recuperates** when you sleep.

Lack of sleep can **shorten** your life expectancy.





sleepwalk (v)	/'sli:pwɔ:k/	être somnambule
snore (v)	/snɔ:/	ronfler
store (v)	/stɔ:/	sauvegarder
yawn (v)	/jɔ:n/	bailler
go without	/gəʊ wɪð'əʊt/	se passer de
have a lie-in	/hæv ə 'laɪn/	faire la grasse matinée
instead of	/ɪn'sted əv/	plutôt que
on average	/ɒn 'ævərɪdʒ/	en moyenne
on the other hand	/ɒn ði: ʌðə 'hænd/	d'un autre côté
on one's back	/ɒn wʌnz 'bæk/	sur le dos
on one's front	/ɒn wʌnz 'frʌnt/	sur le ventre
on one's side	/ɒn wʌnz 'saɪd/	sur le côté
one in two/three/four etc	/wʌn ɪn 'tu:/'θri:/'fɔ:(r)/	un.....sur deux/trois/quatre etc

Have you ever **sleepwalked**?

I wish he'd stop **snoring**!

The brain **stores** all kinds of information.

People **yawn** when they're tired.

It's bad for you to **go without** sleep.

We usually **have a lie-in** at weekends.

People sleep more at the weekends **instead of** during the week.

How many hours sleep do you get **on average**?

He's not very good at maths; **on the other hand** his English is excellent.

I can't sleep **on my back**.

Do you ever sleep **on your front**?

I usually sleep **on my side**.

One in three adults (33%) do not get enough sleep.

Unit 13

Communication/Telephone language (p. 108-111)

convenient (adj)	/kən'vi:nɪənt/	convenable
silly (adj)	/'sɪli/	bête
superstitious (adj)	/su:pə'stɪʃəs/	superstitieux
tied up (adj)	/taɪd 'ʌp/	occupé
unless (conjunction)	/ʌn'les/	à moins que
answering machine (n)	/ɑ:nsrɪŋ mə'ʃi:n/	répondeur
bad luck (n)	/bæd 'lʌk/	mauvais œil
beep (n)	/bi:p/	bip
clue (n)	/klu:/	indice
communication (n)	/kə'mju:nɪkeɪʃn/	communication
enquiry (n)	/ɪn'kwɪəri/	renseignement
front door key (n)	/frʌnt 'dɔ: ki:/	clé de la porte d'entrée
lifestyle (n)	/'laɪfstɑɪl/	style de vie
overdraft (n)	/'əʊvədɹɑ:ft/	découvert
superstition (n)	/su:pə'stɪʃən/	superstition
travel agent's (n)	/'trævl eɪdʒənts/	agence de voyages
website (n)	/'websaɪt/	site web
get back to (phr v)	/get 'bæk tə/	rappeler

I'll ring you back at a more **convenient** time.

Stop being **silly**!

She's very **superstitious** and always touches wood for good luck.

I'm **tied up** this evening but I could see you tomorrow.

Unless you're good, I won't buy you an ice-cream.

Did you leave a message on the **answering machine**?

Touching wood is supposed to protect you against **bad luck**.

Please leave a message after the **beep**.

Listen to the messages for **clues** about Richard.

E-mail has made **communication** much quicker.

What's the phone number for flight **enquiries**?

Don't forget the **front door key**!

What sort of **lifestyle** do you think Richard has?

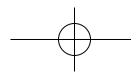
You're over your **overdraft** limit by £200.

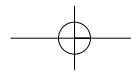
Do you have any **superstitions**?

The **travel agent's** have got the tickets.

For more information visit our **website**.

Thanks for **getting back to** me.





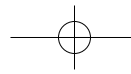
give away (phr v)	/gɪv ə'weɪ/	donner
hang on (phr v)	/hæŋ 'ɒn/	patienter
help out (phr v)	/help 'aʊt/	aider
hold on (phr v)	/həʊld 'ɒn/	attendre
pick up (phr v)	/pɪk 'ʌp/	recueillir
put through (phr v)	/pʊt 'θruː/	connecter
chat (v)	/tʃæt/	bavarder
deny (v)	/dɪ'naɪ/	nier
hold (v)	/həʊld/	patienter
be on the line	/biː ɒn ðə 'laɪn/	au téléphone
by heart	/baɪ 'hɑːt/	par cœur
don't come crying to me	/dʌʊnt kʌm 'kraɪɪŋ tə 'miː/	ne viens pas te plaindre
get into trouble	/get ɪntə 'trʌbl/	s'attirer des ennuis
keep it short	/kiːp ɪt 'ʃɔːt/	ne pas prendre trop longtemps
Who's calling?	/huːz 'kɔːlɪŋ/	Qui est à l'appareil?

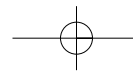
They're **giving away** free CDs.
 Just **hang on** a minute.
 Can you **help** me **out**, Mum?
Hold on a moment, please.
 How often do you **pick up** your e-mail messages?
 I'll try to **put** you **through**.
 Sorry, I haven't got time to **chat**.
 If they accuse you, **deny** everything!
 She's on the other line. Would you like to **hold**?
 It's Mr Swainston **on the line**.
 I know her telephone number **by heart**.
Don't come crying to me when things go wrong.
 He's always **getting into trouble**.
 If you need to use the phone, try to **keep it short**.
Who's calling, please?

Stereotypes (p. 112-113)

enormous (adj)	/ɪn'ɔːməs/	énorme
bottom (n)	/'bɒtəm/	derrière
characteristic (n)	/kærəktə'rɪstɪk/	caractéristique
cleaning (n)	/'kliːnɪŋ/	ménage, nettoyage
directions (n)	/dɪ'rekʃnz/	direction
image (n)	/'ɪmɪdʒ/	image
ironing (n)	/'aɪənɪŋ/	repassage
mess (n)	/mes/	désordre
odd jobs (n)	/ɒd 'dʒɒbz/	petits travaux
phone call (n)	/'fəʊn kɔːl/	coup de téléphone
poll (n)	/pɒl/	scrutin
right (n)	/raɪt/	droits
set (n)	/set/	groupe
stereotype (n)	/'sterɪətaɪp/	stéréotype
telly (n)	/'teli/	télé
toilet cleaner (n)	/tɔɪlət 'kliːnə(r)/	nettoyant pour les toilettes
washing-up (n)	/wɒʃɪŋ'ʌp/	vaisselle
clean up (phr v)	/kliːn 'ʌp/	nettoyer
form (v)	/fɔːm/	former

There was an **enormous** spider in the bath.
 Does my **bottom** look fat in these trousers?
 Men and women have different **characteristics**.
 We share the **cleaning**.
 We'd better stop and ask for **directions**.
 A stereotype is a fixed **image** about someone or something.
 I hate doing the **ironing**!
 What a **mess**!
 He likes doing **odd jobs** around the house.
 Do you make long **phone calls**?
 Look at the results of the **poll**.
 Men and women should have the same **rights**.
 Men and women have different **sets** of characteristics.
Stereotypes aren't always true.
 He often watches football on **telly**.
 Where's the **toilet cleaner**?
 I cook and my boyfriend does the **washing-up**.
 Help me **clean up** this mess.
 People often **form** stereotypes about other people.





iron (v)	/ˈaɪən/	repasser	Could you iron my shirt?
reinforce (v)	/riːɪnˈfɔːs/	renforcer	Accents can reinforce stereotypes.
be in a good/bad position	/biː ɪn ə ˈɡʊd/ˈbæd pəzɪʃn/	être bien/mal placé	Do you think women are in a better position now than 50 years ago?
be sick of sth	/bi ˈsɪk əv .../	en avoir assez de quelque chose	I'm sick of doing all the housework.
keep in touch	/kiːp ɪn ˈtʌtʃ/	ne pas se perdre de vue	We must try to keep in touch .
make your mind up	/meɪk wʌnzˈmaɪnd ʌp/	décidez-vous	Make your mind up .

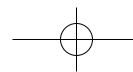
What do men & women really think? (p. 114-115)

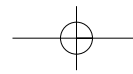
insulting (adj)	/ɪnˈsʌltɪŋ/	insultant	Is it insulting for men to hold doors open for women?
resounding (adj)	/riːˈzaʊndɪŋ/	indéniable	Brazil won in a resounding 3-0 victory.
beauty products (n)	/bjuːtɪ ˈprɒdʌkts/	produit de beauté	Is it OK for men to use beauty products ?
finding (n)	/ˈfaɪndɪŋ/	résultat	Look at the following findings from the survey.
highlight (n)	/ˈhaɪlaɪt/	point fort	In your opinion what are the highlights of the survey?
institution (n)	/ɪnstrɪˈtjuːʃn/	institution	Do you believe in the institution of marriage?
opposite sex (n)	/ɒpəzɪt ˈseks/	sexe opposé	Have you ever dieted to attract the opposite sex ?
public figure (n)	/pʌblɪk ˈfɪɡə(r)/	personnage public	Are you interested in the private lives of public figures ?
summary (n)	/ˈsʌməri/	résumé	It's interesting to read a summary of the survey.
collate (v)	/kəˈleɪt/	collationner	Collate the results of the questionnaire.
diet (v)	/ˈdaɪət/	se mettre au régime	No chocolates for me. I'm trying to diet .
summarise (v)	/ˈsʌməraɪz/	résumer	Write a report to summarise your findings.
attach importance to	/ətætʃ ɪmˈpɔːtəns/	attacher de l'importance à	Do you attach importance to birthdays?
be prepared to do sth	/bi prɪˈpeəd tə duː .../	être prêt à faire quelque chose	How long would you be prepared to wait for someone on a first date?
give the thumbs-up to sth	/ɡɪv ðə θʌmz ˈʌp tə/	donner son approbation à quelque chose	Women gave the thumbs-up to marriage.

Unit 14

Style/Suits you (p. 116-117)

baggy (adj)	/ˈbæɡɪ/	bouffant	She likes wearing T shirts and baggy trousers.
fake (adj)	/feɪk/	faux	Do you like wearing fake fur?
flowery (adj)	/ˈflaʊəri/	à fleurs	He wore a flowery silk waistcoat.
glamorous (adj)	/ˈɡləməərəs/	splendide	I love glamorous outfits.
guilty (adj)	/ˈɡɪltɪ/	coupable	She's feeling guilty about putting on weight.
high-heeled (adj)	/ˈhaɪhiːld/	à talons hauts	He gave me a lovely pair of high-heeled boots.





leather (adj)	/'leðə(r)/	en cuir
leopard-print (adj)	/'lepədprɪnt/	à motif peau de léopard
loose (adj)	/lu:s/	moins collant
loose-fitting (adj)	/lu:s'fɪtɪŋ/	ample
odd (adj)	/ɒd/	dépareillé
original (adj)	/ə'ɹɪdʒənəl/	original
scruffy (adj)	/'skrʌfɪ/	dépenaillé
short-sleeved (adj)	/ʃɔ:t'sli:vəd/	à manches courtes
silk (adj)	/sɪlk/	en soie
stripy (adj)	/'straɪpɪ/	à rayures
tight (adj)	/taɪt/	serré
up-to-date (adj)	/ʌptə'deɪt/	à la mode
baseball cap (n)	/'beɪsbɔ:l kæp/	casquette de base-ball
cashmere (n)	/'kæʃmɪə(r)/	cachemire
designer label (n)	/dɪ'zaɪnə(r) leɪbl/	vêtement de haute couture
fur (n)	/fɜ:(r)/	fourrure
outfit (n)	/'aʊtfit/	tendue
polo-neck (n)	/pəʊləʊ 'nek/	à col roulé
scarf (n)	/skɑ:f/	écharpe
sweatshirt (n)	/'swetʃɜ:t/	sweat-shirt
top (n)	/tɒp/	haut
trainers (n)	/'treɪnəz/	baskets
underwear (n)	/'ʌndəweə(r)/	sous-vêtement
waist (n)	/weɪst/	taille
waistcoat (n)	/'weɪskəʊt/	gilet
dress up (phr v)	/dres 'ʌp/	s'habiller
go off (phr v)	/gəʊ 'ɒf/	sonner
go with (phr v)	/gəʊ 'daʊn/	aller avec
have on (phr v)	/hæv 'ɒn/	porter
jump in (phr v)	/dʒʌmp 'ɪn/	sauter dans
jump out (phr v)	/dʒʌmp 'aʊt/	sauter de
look down (phr v)	/lʊk 'daʊn/	se pencher pour regarder
look like (phr v)	/lʊk 'laɪk/	avoir l'air de
take off (phr v)	/teɪk 'ɒf/	enlever
try on (phr v)	/traɪ 'ɒn/	essayer
care (v)	/keə(r)/	s'intéresser à

He's had that **leather** jacket for years.

My favourite thing is my **leopard-print** coat.

She changed into a pair of **looser** trousers.

I like **loose-fitting** tops.

You're wearing **odd** socks!

His clothes are fashionable but **original**.

She had on a **scruffy** old pair of jeans.

He was wearing a **short-sleeved** T-shirt.

He wore a flowery **silk** waistcoat.

Gran gave me a lovely **stripy** scarf.

This skirt's too **tight**.

I like wearing **up-to-date** clothes.

He had on a **baseball cap** with bright orange and pink stripes.

The scarf is made of **cashmere**.

Designer labels are expensive.

The coat is made of fake **fur**.

That's a smart **outfit**!

Polo-neck sweaters are nice and warm.

She wore a stripy cashmere **scarf**.

I always wear jeans and a **sweatshirt**.

Which **top** shall I wear?

Could you lend me a pair of **trainers**?

He put on his **underwear** and looked in the cupboard.

These trousers feel a bit tight round the **waist**.

What a lovely silk **waistcoat**!

Do you like **dressng up** for special occasions?

The alarm usually **goes off** early.

That top doesn't **go with** those trousers.

He was wearing the same clothes that he **had on** yesterday.

I only had time to **jump in** the shower.

She **jumped out** of the car and ran into the newsagent's.

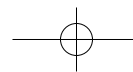
He **looked down** to check his shoes were clean.

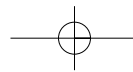
Go and see what you **look like** in the mirror.

The trousers felt tight so I **took** them **off**.

I **tried on** several tops before choosing one.

She doesn't **care** much about fashion.





fit (v)	/fɪt/
manage (v)	/'mænɪdʒ/
match (v)	/mætʃ/
pack (v)	/pæk/
suit (v)	/su:t/

aller
arriver à
aller ensemble
faire
aller bien

Does that skirt still **fit** you?
I never **manage** to look tidy.
Make sure your socks **match**.
Have you **packed** your bag yet?
That colour really **suits** you.

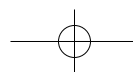
Close up/Idioms (p. 118-119)

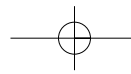
check (adj)	/tʃek/
cord (adj)	/kɔ:d/
full-length (adj)	/fʊl'leŋθ/
nylon (adj)	/'naɪlɒn/
off-the-cuff (adj)	/ɒfðə'kʌf/
plain (adj)	/pleɪn/
shirty (adj)	/'ʃɜ:tɪ/
striped (adj)	/straɪpt/
accessory (n)	/ək'sesəri/
buckle (n)	/'bʌkl/
button (n)	/'bʌtn/
cardigan (n)	/'kɑ:dɪgən/
heel (n)	/hi:l/
hem (n)	/hem/
sleeve (n)	/sli:v/
turn-ups (n)	/'tɜ:nʌps/
v-neck (n)	/'vi:nek/
zip (n)	/zɪp/
collar (v)	/'kɒlə(r)/
buckle down (phr v)	/bʌkl 'daʊn/
give sb the boot	/gɪv ... ðə 'bu:t/
have sth up your sleeve	/hæv ... ʌp jə 'sli:v/
l/he/she etc wouldn't be seen	/aɪ/hi:/ʃi:
dead in sth	wɒdənt bɪ sɪn 'ded ɪn .../
tighten your belt	/taɪtn jə 'belt/
wear your heart on your sleeve	/weə jə 'hɑ:t ɒn jə 'sli:v/

à carreaux
en velours
longue
en nylon
spontané
uni
de mauvais poil
à rayures
accessoire
boucle
bouton
cardigan
talon
ourlet
manche
revers
col en V
fermeture éclair
coincer
se mettre au boulot
renvoyer quelqu'un
avoir quelque chose en réserve
Je préférerais/il/elle préférerait
mourir plutôt que de porter
se serrer la ceinture
ne pas cacher ses sentiments

I like wearing baggy trousers and a **check** shirt.
She wore tight black **cord** trousers.
All the women wore white blouses and black **full-length** skirts.
I don't like wearing **nylon** shirts.
It was just an **off-the-cuff** remark.
He had on a **plain** green sweater.
Don't get **shirty**. We were only trying to help.
Do you like **striped** shirts?
I don't buy many fashion **accessories**.
The belt had a beautiful gold **buckle**.
He's lost a **button** off his shirt.
If you're cold you can borrow my **cardigan**.
These shoes have very high **heels**.
The **hem** on my dress needs adjusting.
Do you prefer wearing short or long **sleeves**?
The trousers had enormous **turn-ups**.
I prefer T-shirts with **v-necks**.
Can you help me fasten this **zip**?
Mike **collared** me after work and talked for an hour.
It's time you **buckled down** to some work!
Bill's been **given the boot** from work.
Ask Clare to help – she usually **has something up her sleeve**.
I wouldn't be seen dead in a leopard-skin coat!

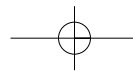
After Christmas we always have to **tighten our belts**.
She's an emotional girl and tends to **wear her heart on her sleeve**.





First impressions (p. 120-121)

alternate (adj)	/ɔ:l'tɜ:mət/	alterné	The couple wrote alternate chapters of the book.
bald (adj)	/bɔ:ld/	chauve	My Dad's bald .
broad (adj)	/brɔ:d/	large	He's tall with broad shoulders.
clear (adj)	/klɪə(r)/	clair	She has clear skin.
deep-set (adj)	/di:p'set/	enfoncé	She has a thin face and deep-set eyes.
overweight (adj)	/əʊvə'weɪt/	obèse	I'm slightly overweight .
pale (adj)	/peɪl/	pâle	He's blond with pale skin.
pierced (adj)	/pɪəst/	percé	Do you like pierced noses?
shaved (adj)	/ʃeɪvd/	rasé	He has a shaved head.
tanned (adj)	/tænd/	bronzé	You look nice and tanned .
thick (adj)	/θɪk/	épais	I noticed he had a very thick neck.
wide (adj)	/waɪd/	large	She has a very wide mouth.
wrongly (adv)	/'rɒŋli/	à tort	She wrongly assumed I was rich.
beard (n)	/bɪəd/	barbe	Do you like beards ?
chapter (n)	/'tʃæptə(r)/	chapitre	How many chapters are there in the book?
eyebrow (n)	/'aɪbrəʊ/	sourcil	He has a scar above his left eyebrow .
finger nails (n)	/'fɪŋgənɪlz/	ongle	Your finger nails are dirty.
grip (n)	/grɪp/	poigne	He has a strong grip when we shake hands.
living (n)	/'lɪvɪŋ/	dans la vie	What do you do for a living ?
neck (n)	/nek/	cou	She has a long slim neck .
scar (n)	/skɑ:(r)/	cicatrice	How did you get that scar ?
stubble (n)	/'stʌbl/	barbe de plusieurs jours	He had a lot of stubble on his chin.
assume (v)	/ə'sju:m/	supposer	She wrongly assumed I was rich.
say (v)	/seɪ/	supposons	Say we were meeting for the first time, what would be the first thing you noticed about me?
first impression	/fɜ:st ɪm'preʃn/	première impression	Are first impressions important?
make ends meet	/meɪk endz 'mi:t/	joindre les deux bouts	I also work in the evenings to make ends meet .
of slim/average etc build	/əv 'slɪm/'ævərɪdʒ bɪld/	de petite carrure/de carrure moyenne	She was small and of slim build .
set eyes on sb	/set 'aɪz ɒn .../	voir quelqu'un	We had never set eyes on each other before.
shake hands	/ʃeɪk 'hændz/	se serrer la main	We said "hello" and shook hands .



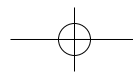
Ugly/Jon Bon Jovi/Close up (p. 122-125)

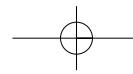
strenuous (adj)	/'strenjʊəs/	fatiguant	Being a rock'n'roll star is very strenuous .
thankful (adj)	/'θæŋkfʊl/	reconnaissant	I feel thankful to have such a wonderful family.
tiny (adj)	/'taɪnɪ/	minuscule	We live in a tiny house in the suburbs.
unsuitable (adj)	/ʌn'su:təbl/	pas convenable	He married someone totally unsuitable .
extravagance (n)	/ɪk'strævəgəns/	extravagance	The group went through a period of real extravagance .
frame (n)	/freɪm/	cadre	He put the photo in a frame .
hairstyle (n)	/'heəstaɪl/	coupe de cheveux	Do you like my new hairstyle
satisfaction (n)	/sætɪs'fækʃn/	satisfaction	I get a lot of satisfaction from my work.
schoolwork (n)	/'sku:lwɜ:k/	devoirs	I wish you'd spend more time on your schoolwork .
songwriting (n)	/'sɒŋraɪtɪŋ/	composition de chansons	Have you always enjoyed songwriting ?
stain (n)	/steɪn/	tache	Look at that stain on my jacket.
suburbs (n)	/'sʌbɜ:bz/	faubourgs	We live in the suburbs of Birmingham.
thrill (n)	/θrɪl/	un grand plaisir	Writing songs really gives me a thrill .
yacht (n)	/jɒt/	yacht	Have you ever been on a yacht ?
live up to (phr v)	/lɪv 'ʌp tə/	se montrer à la hauteur de	He worried about not living up to his parents' expectations.
charter (v)	/'tʃɑ:tə(r)/	affréter	We used to charter expensive yachts.
scare (v)	/skeə(r)/	faire peur	What scares you?
a good night's sleep	/ə gʊd naɪts 'sli:p/	une bonne nuit de sommeil	What you need is a good night's sleep!
an old flame	/ən əʊld 'fleɪm/	un ancien flirt	An old flame invited me to dinner.
at the peak of ...	/ət ðə 'pi:k əv/	à l'apothéose de	He's at the peak of his career.
be all for	/bi: ə:l 'fɔ:/	être tout à fait d'accord	I'm all for people enjoying themselves, but they have to be prepared to work hard as well.
be/go out on the town	/bi:/gəʊ aʊt ɒn ðə 'taʊn/	sortir le soir	Do you often go out on the town ?
Don't look at me	/dəʊnt lʊk ət 'mi:/	Ce n'est pas moi	"Who's borrowed my make-up?" " Don't look at me. "
have a month/year etc out	/hæv ə 'mʌnθ/'jɪə aʊt/	prendre un mois/une année etc., de congés	She decided to have a year out and travel.
I/he/she etc would rather	/aɪ/hi:/ʃi: wʊd 'rɑ:ðə(r)/	Je préférerais/il/elle préférerait	Mum would rather I went round for Sunday lunch than buy her a present.
on the road	/ɒn ðə 'rəʊd/	en tournée	Pop groups spend a lot of time on the road .

Unit 15

Age/Close up (p. 126-128)

adventurous (adj)	/əd'ventʃərəs/	aventureux	Be more adventurous!
anxious (adj)	/'æŋkʃəs/	anxieux	She's anxious about the future.





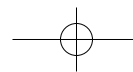
bare-footed (adj)	/beə'fʊtɪd/	pieds nus
dreadful (adj)	/'dredfl/	minable
alternatively (adv)	/ɔ:'tɜ:nətɪvli/	sinon
sanely (adv)	/'semli/	d'une manière sensée
sensibly (adv)	/'sensəbli/	raisonnablement
background (n)	/'bækgraʊnd/	antécédents
daisy (n)	/'deɪzi/	pâquerette
fall (n)	/fɔ:l/	automne
merry-go-round (n)	/'merɪgəʊraʊnd/	manège
pack (n)	/pæk/	paquet
finish with (phr v)	/'fɪnɪʃ wɪð/	rompre
pick (v)	/pɪk/	cueillir
be a pain in the neck	/bi: ə peɪn ɪn ðə nek/	enquiquineur
day after day	/deɪ ɑ:ftə 'deɪ/	jour après jour
go bankrupt	/gəʊ 'bæŋkrʌpt/	faire faillite
hour after hour	/aʊə ɑ:ftə 'aʊə/	pendant des heures des heures
have one's moments	/hæv wʌnz 'məʊmənts/	avoir des moments mémorables
play hooky	/pleɪ 'hʊki/	faire l'école buissonnière
take a chance	/teɪk ə 'tʃɑ:ns/	se lancer davantage

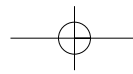
The children were running around **bare-footed**.
 He's a **dreadful** tennis player.
 Ring today! **Alternatively**, you can ringtomorrow.
 He has always lived **sanely**.
 Try to behave **sensibly**!
 Tell us about your family **background**.
 The field was full of **daisies**.
 Leaves fall from the trees in the **fall**.
 Do you want a ride on the **merry-go-round**?
 He smokes 2 **packs** of cigarettes a day.
 He's very upset – Gina's **finished with** him.
 We **picked** some daisies.
 Don't **be** such a **pain in the neck**!
 He sits in the house alone, **day after day**.
 Sadly, his business **went bankrupt**.
Hour after hour she would sit and watch people pass by.
 I've certainly **had my moments**!
 We used to **play hooky** when we were kids.
 You should **take more chances**!

Act your age/Close up (p. 129-130)

actual (adj)	/'æktʃʊəl/	vrai
astonished (adj)	/ə'stɒnɪʃt/	très surpris
disastrous (adj)	/dɪ'zɑ:stɹəs/	désastreux
fulfilling (adj)	/fʊl'fɪlɪŋ/	enrichissant
impressed (adj)	/ɪm'prest/	impressionné
lower (adj)	/'ləʊə(r)/	minimum
traumatic (adj)	/trɔ:'mætrɪk/	traumatisant
upper (adj)	/'ʌpə(r)/	maximum
vital (adj)	/'vaɪtl/	essentiel
conveniently (adv)	/'kɒn'vi:niəntli/	comme par hasard
harshly (adv)	/'hɑ:ʃli/	sévèrement
ageism (n)	/'eɪdʒɪzəm/	agisme
ageist (n)	/'eɪdʒɪst/	agiste
age limit (n)	/'eɪdʒ lɪmɪt/	limite d'âge
change (n)	/tʃeɪndʒ/	monnaie

I didn't want to tell him my **actual** age.
 She looked **astonished** when she saw us.
 She told him about her **disastrous** existence.
 They had an enjoyable **fulfilling** relationship.
 He was **impressed** by her exciting lifestyle.
 Is there a **lower** age limit for leaving home?
 It was a deeply **traumatic** experience.
 Is there an **upper** age limit for getting married?
 I lost a **vital** document when the computer crashed.
 She had **conveniently** forgotten my name.
 Don't judge people so **harshly**!
Ageism is prejudice against older people.
 Are you an **ageist**?
 The **age limit** at the nightclub is 21.
 The shopkeeper gave her too much **change**

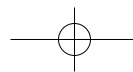


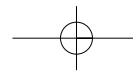


employment (n)	/ɪm'plɔɪmənt/	emploi	He was refused employment because of his age.
faith (n)	/feɪθ/	foi	She had lost faith in men.
issue (n)	/'ɪʃuː/	problème	Why does age have to be such a big issue ?
liar (n)	/'laɪə(r)/	menteur	Don't be such a liar !
mess (n)	/mes/	ennuis	She got into a mess through lying about her age.
pile (n)	/paɪl/	pile	The passport was hidden under a pile of papers.
power cut (n)	/'paʊə kʌt/	panne d'électricité	There was a power cut and all the lights went out.
racism (n)	/'reɪsɪzəm/	racisme	Racism is prejudice against people from a different race.
sexism (n)	/'seksɪzəm/	sexisme	Sexism is unfair treatment of women.
shopkeeper (n)	/'ʃɒpkɪ:pə(r)/	commerçant	The shopkeeper gave me too much change.
turning-point (n)	/'tɜːnɪŋpɔɪnt/	tournant	My 40 th birthday marked a turning-point in my life.
come out with (phr v)	/kʌm 'aʊt wɪð/	donner	He came out with a lot of excuses as to why he hadn't finished his home work.
blame (v)	/bleɪm/	blâmer	I can only blame myself if the relationship goes wrong.
scream (v)	/skri:m/	hurler	They were so frightened they screamed .
act your age	/ækt jə(r) 'eɪdʒ/	se conduire comme un adulte	You're too old for computer games – act your age!
be on one's mind	/biː ɒn wʌnz 'maɪnd/	tracassait	I could tell that something was on his mind .
come clean (about)	/kʌm 'kliːn (əbaʊt)/	avouer	Isn't it time you came clean about your age?
early on	/ɜːli 'ɒn/	dès le départ	Early on she decided she really liked him.
for once	/fɔː 'wʌnz/	pour une fois	For once I had found someone I really liked.
in case	/ɪn 'keɪs/	au cas où	She was frightened of inviting her friends in case one of them said something about her age.
it's the other way round	/ɪts ðɪ ʌðə weɪ 'raʊnd/	c'est l'inverse	A man who has a younger partner is admired, but for a woman it's the other way round .
I've been meaning to ...	/aɪv biːn 'miːnɪŋ tə/	j'avais l'intention de	There's something I've been meaning to tell you.
look young for one's age	/lʊk 'jʌŋ fə(r) wʌnz eɪdʒ/	ne pas faire son âge	Doesn't she look young for her age ?
the sky fell in	/ðə 'skaɪ fel ɪn/	le ciel allait nous tomber sur la tête	I thought the sky would fall in when I told him I dyed my hair.

What would you have done?/Sweet sixteen (p. 132-133)

bearded (adj)	/'biədɪd/	barbu	A bearded man sat on the pavement begging.
offensive (adj)	/ə'fensɪv/	choquant	A taboo subject is one that people find offensive or embarrassing.
ridiculous (adj)	/rɪ'dɪkjələs/	ridicule	She looked ridiculous in a short skirt.
unpaid (adj)	/'ʌnpeɪd/	impayé	Her bag was full of unpaid shopping.
even (adv)	/'iːvn/	même	I even managed to get the vegetables and meat ready at the same time.
aisle (n)	/aɪl/	allée	People pushed trolleys up and down the aisles .



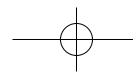


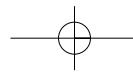
basket (n)	/'bɑːskɪt/	panier
cheque (n)	/tʃek/	chèque
counter (n)	/'kaʊntə(r)/	comptoir
do (n)	/duː/	occasion
face-lift (n)	/'feɪslɪft/	lifting
rebel (n)	/'rebl/	rebelle
taboo (n)	/tə'buː/	tabou
tin (n)	/tɪn/	boîte de conserve
tongue (n)	/tʌŋ/	langue
trolley (n)	/'trɒli/	chariot
queue up (phr v)	/kjuː 'ʌp/	faire la queue
turn out (phr v)	/tɜːn 'aʊt/	s'avérer
beg (v)	/beg/	mendier
lick (v)	/lɪk/	lécher
regret (v)	/rɪ'gret/	regretter
shuffle (v)	/'ʃʌfl/	marcher en traînant le pas
Do you mind if ...?	/duː jə 'maɪnd ɪf/	Cela vous dérange-t-il si ...?
lose touch (with)	/luːz 'tʌtʃ (wɪð)/	se perdre de vue
not only that ...	/nɒt əʊnlɪ 'ðæt/	de plus ...
pay a fortune	/peɪ ə 'fɔːtʃuːn/	payer une fortune
think nothing more about sth	/θɪŋk nʌθɪŋ mɔː(r) ə'baʊt/	ne plus y penser
up and down	/ʌp ən 'daʊn/	d'un bout à l'autre

Unit 16 (Review)

broad (adj)	/brɔːd/	vaste
compassionate (adj)	/kəm'pæʃənət/	compatisant
devoted (adj)	/dɪ'vəʊtɪd/	dévoué
juicy (adj)	/'dʒuːsi/	savoureux
restful (adj)	/'restfl/	reposant
spontaneous (adj)	/spɒn'teɪniəs/	spontané
steady (adj)	/'stedɪ/	fiable
unpredictable (adj)	/ʌnpɪrɪ'dɪktəbl/	imprévisible

She put the shopping straight into her **basket**.
 He gave her a cheque for £5,000.
 She just put one tin of cat food on the **counter**.
 My friend had bought the dress for a special **do**.
 Would you ever have a **face-lift**?
 He was a bit of a **rebel** at university.
 A **taboo** is a subject that is embarrassing or offensive.
 She paid for the **tin** of cat food.
 The cat burnt its **tongue** licking the chicken.
 We put our shopping in the **trolley**.
 Everyone was queueing up to pay.
 The meal **turned out** well.
 They saw an old man **begging** in the street.
 The cat **licked** the chicken.
 I **regretted** not telling her the truth.
 The old woman **shuffled** up and down the aisle.
Do you mind if I ask you how old you are?
 It would be a shame to **lose touch**.
 The colour didn't suit her. **Not only that**, but she looked silly in a short skirt.
 We **paid a fortune** for those tickets!
 I **thought nothing more about it** until I saw them together the following day.
 Shoppers walked **up and down** the aisles.





classmate (n)	/'klɑ:smeɪt/	camarade de classe
even number (n)	/i:vən 'nʌmbə(r)/	nombre pair
fine (n)	/faɪn/	amende
gossip (n)	/'gɒsɪp/	comméragés
helmet (n)	/'helmit/	casque
ID (n)	/aɪ'di:/	identification
mankind (n)	/mæn'kaɪnd/	humanité
quote (n)	/kwəʊt/	citation
shopkeeper (n)	/'ʃɒpkɪ:pə(r)/	commerçant
sin (n)	/sɪn/	péché
space mission (n)	/'speɪs mɪʃn/	mission spatiale
stupidity (n)	/stju:'pɪdəti/	stupidité
terrace (n)	/'terəs/	terrasse
tip (n)	/tɪp/	pourboire
go along (phr v)	/gəʊ ə'ləŋ/	sur le tas
head back (phr v)	/hed 'bæk/	rentrer
cope (v)	/kəʊp/	se débrouiller
fix (v)	/fɪks/	réparer
kiss (v)	/kɪs/	embrasser
relive (v)	/rɪ'li:v/	revivre
transport (v)	/trɑ:n'spɔ:t/	transporter
blow one's nose	/bləʊ wʌnz 'nəʊz/	se moucher
have one's hair cut	/hæv wʌnz 'heə kʌt/	avoir une coupe de cheveux
in total	/ɪn 'təʊtl/	au total
turn one's back on	/tɜ:n wʌnz 'bæk ɒn/	tourner le dos à
with a bit of luck	/wɪð ə bɪt əv 'lʌk/	avec un peu de chance

Discuss your wishes with your **classmates**.

2, 4, 6, 8 etc are **even numbers**.

I had to pay a £250 **fine**.

Have you heard the latest **gossip**?

Always wear a **helmet** when riding a bike.

Do you have to carry **ID** cards in Britain?

Landing on the moon was a great moment in the history of **mankind**.

Look at the **quotes** by famous people.

Shopkeepers are people who own shops.

Greed and envy are **sins**.

Would you like to go on a **space mission**?

I couldn't believe her **stupidity**!

The slopes of the valley were divided into **terraces**.

Should we leave a **tip** for the waiter/waitress?

I never plan everything – I just decide what to do as I **go along**.

It's time we were **heading back**.

How would you **cope** if you had to live abroad?

He's good at **fixing** things.

They **kissed** each other in greeting.

We **relived** the holiday again and again.

I'd love to be **transported** into the future.

Is it true that you shouldn't **blow your nose** in public in Japan?

You've **had your hair cut** – it looks lovely!

I took about 50 photos **in total**.

It's rude to **turn your back on** people!

With a bit of luck, we should be home in an hour.

